



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES

APR - 1 2009

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OSEP 09-07

MEMORANDUM

TO: Lead Agency Directors
State Part C Coordinators

FROM: Patricia J. Guard *Patricia J. Guard*
Acting Director
Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP)

SUBJECT: The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Part C Grants for Infants and Families Program

Enclosed is your State's April 2009 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Part C grant award under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the Act or the ARRA). The enclosed award represents fifty percent (50%) of your State's award under the ARRA Part C Grants to Infants and Families program (ARRA IDEA Part C funds). These funds are provided in accordance with section 807 of the ARRA, which allows the Secretary to award these ARRA funds on the basis of IDEA eligibility determinations made for fiscal year (FY) 2008 and your provision of the certification required by section 1607 of the ARRA. The effective date of the grant awards transmitted with this memo is February 17, 2009. Acceptance by your State of this grant award constitutes an agreement by the State to comply with the conditions in Enclosure A and Box 10 on the enclosed Grant Award Notification. Please note that as part of your application for FY 2008, your State made an assurance, as required by 34 CFR §80.11(c), that it will comply with all applicable Federal statutes and regulations in effect with respect to the periods for which it receives grant funding.

It is important to note that the ARRA IDEA Part C grants are a supplemental appropriation to the annual FY 2009 IDEA Part C Grants to Infants and Families program that will be distributed to eligible States on July 1, 2009.

The remaining 50% of your State's ARRA IDEA Part C funds will be available to your State by September 30, 2009. As detailed in Enclosure A, States are required to track and account for the ARRA IDEA Part C funds separately from the regular IDEA Part C grant award funds. In order to receive the remaining funds, your State will need to submit, for review and approval by the Department, additional information that addresses how the State will meet the accountability and reporting requirements in section 1512 of the ARRA. The second half of the award will be made by September 30, 2009, upon approval of the State's recordkeeping and reporting submission. The Department will issue specific guidance for preparing and submitting this recordkeeping and reporting information and other guidance governing ARRA funds in the coming weeks.

Enclosure A provides the terms and conditions of receipt of these funds. Acceptance by your State of this grant award constitutes an agreement by the State to comply with the terms and conditions in Enclosure A.

Enclosure B shows State-by-State FY 2009 funding levels of IDEA Part C funds.

This one-time large increment in IDEA Part C funding offers States a unique opportunity to improve early intervention services and results for infants and toddlers with disabilities. We appreciate your ongoing commitment and look forward to working with your State in its provision of quality early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families.

For additional information on the ARRA, please visit the Department's Web site at <http://www.ed.gov> or <http://www.recovery.gov>.

Enclosures

Enclosure A

Enclosure B

ENCLOSURE A
Grant Terms and Conditions
Under American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5

A. Award Term—Reporting and Registration Requirement under Section 1512 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

- (a) This award requires the recipient to complete projects or activities which are funded under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (“Recovery Act or ARRA”) and to report on use of Recovery Act funds provided through this award. Information from these reports will be made available to the public.
- (b) The first report is due no later than ten calendar days after the initial calendar quarter in which the recipient receives the assistance award funded in whole or in part by the Recovery Act, or July 10, 2009. Thereafter, reports shall be submitted no later than the 10th day after the end of each calendar quarter.
- (c) Recipients and their first-tier subrecipients (but not vendors for goods and services as distinguished in §__210 of the attachment to OMB Circular A-133, “Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations) must maintain current registrations in the Central Contractor Registration (www.ccr.gov) at all times during which they have active federal awards funded with Recovery Act funds.
- (d) The recipient shall report the information described in section 1512(c) using the reporting instructions and data elements that will be provided online at www.FederalReporting.gov, and will provide any additional information required by the Department, unless the information is pre-populated in www.FederalReporting.gov and in any additional form required by the Department. At a minimum, grantees should anticipate reporting:
 - the total amounts of ARRA funds received and expended or obligated;
 - the name, description, and evaluation of the project or activity’s completion status; and
 - an estimate of the number of jobs that were saved or created with the funds.

B. Award Term—Infrastructure Certification Requirement under Section 1511 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

For infrastructure investment projects, the recipient, or appropriate chief executive, must post an online certification that the infrastructure investment received the full review and vetting required by law and that the recipient accepts responsibility that the investment is an appropriate use of taxpayer funds. This certification along with other required information such as a description of the investment, estimated total cost, and amount of Recovery Act funds to be used, must be posted and linked on the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board website. A recipient may not use funds for infrastructure investment funding unless this certification is made and posted.

C. Award Term— Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods— Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

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(a) *Definitions.* As used in this specific award term and condition—

“Construction material” means iron, steel, or manufactured goods brought to the construction site by the recipient, subrecipient or a subcontractor for incorporation into the public building or public work. However, emergency life safety systems, such as emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site.

“Manufactured good or product” means an item incorporated into the physical structure of the public building or used in a public work that is the result of processing materials by way of machinery and/or labor that produce a substantially different item. Where the basic form or function of the material processed remains the same, or the processing does not add value to the item, it is not manufactured. There is no requirement with regard to the origin of components or subcomponents in manufactured goods or products, as long as the manufacture of the goods occurs in the United States.

“Public building” and “public work” means a public building of, and a public work of, a governmental entity (the United States, the District of Columbia, commonwealths and territories of the United States and minor outlying islands, and State and local governments). These buildings and works may include, without limitation, bridges, dams, plants, highways, parkways, streets, subways, tunnels, sewers, mains, power lines, pumping stations, heavy generators, railways, airports, terminals, docks, piers, wharves, ways, lighthouses, buoys, jetties, breakwaters, levees, and canals, and the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of such buildings and works.

“Steel” means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between .02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

(b) *Domestic preference.*

(1) This award term and condition implements Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act) (Pub. L. 111-5), by requiring that all iron, steel, and other manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States except as provided in paragraph (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this term and condition.

(2) This requirement does not apply to the material listed by the Government as follows:

NONE

(3) The award official may add other iron, steel, and/or other manufactured goods to the list in paragraph (b)(2) of this term and condition if the Federal Government determines that—

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- (i) The cost of the domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods would be unreasonable. The cost of domestic iron, steel, or manufactured goods used in the project is unreasonable when the cumulative cost of such material will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent;
 - (ii) The iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods is not produced or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or
 - (iii) The application of the restriction of section 1605 of the Recovery Act would be inconsistent with the public interest.
- (c) *Request for determination of inapplicability of Section 1605 of the Recovery Act.*
- (1) (i) Any recipient request to use foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this term and condition shall include adequate information for Federal Government evaluation of the request, including—
 - (A) A description of the foreign and domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods;
 - (B) Unit of measure;
 - (C) Quantity;
 - (D) Cost;
 - (E) Time of delivery or availability;
 - (F) Location of the construction project;
 - (G) Name and address of the proposed supplier; and
 - (H) A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this term and condition.
 - (ii) A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed cost comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this term and condition.
 - (iii) The cost of iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty.
 - (iv) Any recipient request for a determination submitted after Recovery Act funds have been obligated for a project for construction, alteration, maintenance or repair shall explain why the recipient could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before the funds were obligated. If the recipient does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the award official need not make a determination.
- (2) If the Federal Government determines after award funds have been obligated for a project for construction, alteration, maintenance or repair that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies, the award official will amend the award to allow use of the foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods. When the basis for the exception is nonavailability or public interest, the amended award shall reflect

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adjustment of the award amount or redistribution of budgeted funds, as appropriate, to cover costs associated with acquiring or using the foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods. When the basis for the exception is the unreasonable cost of the domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods, the award official shall adjust the award amount or redistribute budgeted funds, as appropriate, by at least the differential established in 2 CFR 176.110(a).

(3) Unless the Federal Government determines that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies, use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods is noncompliant with section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

(d) *Data.* To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this term and condition based on unreasonable cost, the Recipient shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:

Foreign and Domestic Items Cost Comparison

Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Cost (Dollars)*
<i>Item 1:</i>			
Foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____
Domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____
<i>Item 2:</i>			
Foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____
Domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____

[List name, address, telephone number, email address, and contact for suppliers surveyed.

Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.]

[Include other applicable supporting information.]

[Include all delivery costs to the construction site.]*

D. Award Term—Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods (Covered under International Agreements)—Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this award term and condition—

“Construction material” means iron, steel, or manufactured goods brought to the construction site by the recipient, subrecipient or a subcontractor for incorporation into the public building or public work. However, emergency life safety systems, such as

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emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site.

“Designated country” --

- (1) A World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement country (Aruba, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea (Republic of), Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and United Kingdom);
- (2) A Free Trade Agreement (FTA) country (Australia, Bahrain, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Israel, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Peru, or Singapore); or
- (3) A least developed country (Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, East Timor, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Tanzania, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, Vanuatu, Yemen, or Zambia)

“Designated country iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods” --

- (1) Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a designated country; or
- (2) In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in a designated country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

“Manufactured good” means an item incorporated into the physical structure of the public building or used in a public work that is the result of processing materials by way of machinery and/or labor that produce a substantially different item. Where the basic form or function of the material processed remains the same, or the processing does not add value to the item, it is not manufactured. There is no requirement with regard to the origin of components or subcomponents in manufactured goods or products, as long as the manufacture of the goods occurs in the United States.

“Public building” and “public work” means a public building of, and a public work of, a governmental entity (the United States, the District of Columbia, commonwealths and territories of the United States and minor outlying islands, and State and local governments). These buildings and works may include, without limitation, bridges, dams, plants, highways, parkways, streets, subways, tunnels, sewers, mains, power lines, pumping stations, heavy generators, railways, airports, terminals, docks, piers, wharves,

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ways, lighthouses, buoys, jetties, breakwaters, levees, and canals, and the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of such buildings and works.

“Steel” means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between .02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

(b) *Iron, steel, and manufactured goods.*

(1) This award term and condition implements

- (i) Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act), by requiring that all iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States; and
- (ii) Section 1605(d), which requires application of the Buy American requirement in a manner consistent with U.S. obligations under international agreements. The restrictions of section 1605 of the Recovery Act do not apply to designated country iron, steel, and manufactured goods. The Buy American requirement in section 1605 shall not be applied where the iron, steel or manufactured goods used in the project are from a Party to an international agreement that obligates the recipient to treat the goods and services of that Party the same as domestic goods and services, or where the iron, steel or manufactured goods are from a least developed country. This obligation shall only apply to projects with an estimated value of \$7,443,000 or more.

(2) The recipient shall use only domestic or designated country iron, steel, and manufactured goods in performing the work funded in whole or part with this award, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this term and condition.

(3) The requirement in paragraph (b)(2) of this term and condition does not apply to the iron, steel, and manufactured goods listed by the Government as follows:

NONE.

(4) The award official may add other iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods to the list in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause if the Federal Government determines that—

- (i) The cost of domestic iron, steel, and manufactured goods would be unreasonable. The cost of domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods used in the project is unreasonable when the cumulative cost of such material will increase the overall cost of the project by more than 25 percent;
- (ii) The iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods is not produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality; or
- (iii) The application of the restriction of section 1605 of the Recovery Act to a particular construction material would be inconsistent with the public interest.

(c) *Request for determination of inapplicability of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American Act.*

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- (1) (i) Any recipient request to use foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods in accordance with paragraph(b)(4) of this term and condition shall include adequate information for Federal Government evaluation of the request, including—
 - (A) A description of the foreign and domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods;
 - (B) Unit of measure;
 - (C) Quantity;
 - (D) Cost;
 - (E) Time of delivery or availability;
 - (F) Location of the project;
 - (G) Name and address of the proposed supplier; and
 - (H) A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this term and condition.
 - (ii) A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed cost comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this term and condition.
 - (iii) The cost of iron, steel, or manufactured goods shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty.
 - (iv) Any recipient request for a determination submitted after Recovery Act funds have been obligated for a project for construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair shall explain why the recipient could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before the funds were obligated. If the recipient does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the award official need not make a determination.
- (2) If the Federal Government determines after funds have been obligated for a project for construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies, the award official will amend the award to allow use of the foreign iron, steel, and/or relevant manufactured goods. When the basis for the exception is nonavailability or public interest, the amended award shall reflect adjustment of the award amount or redistribution of budgeted funds, as appropriate, to cover costs associated with acquiring or using the foreign iron, steel, and/or relevant manufactured goods. When the basis for the exception is the unreasonable cost of the domestic iron, steel, or manufactured goods, the award official shall adjust the award amount or redistribute budgeted funds, as appropriate, by at least the differential established in 2 CFR 176.110(a).
 - (3) Unless the Federal Government determines that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies, use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods other than designated country iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods is noncompliant with the applicable Act.
- (d) *Data.* To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (b) of this term and condition, based on unreasonable cost, the applicant shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:

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Foreign and Domestic Items Cost Comparison

Description	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Cost (Dollars)*
<i>Item 1:</i>			
Foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____
Domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____
<i>Item 2:</i>			
Foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____
Domestic iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods	_____	_____	_____

[List name, address, telephone number, email address, and contact for suppliers surveyed.

Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.]

[Include other applicable supporting information.]

[Include all delivery costs to the construction site.]*

E. Award Term—Wage Rate Requirements under Section 1606 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

- a) Section 1606 of the Recovery Act requires that all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to the Recovery Act shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.

Pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 14 and the Copeland Act, 40 U.S.C. 3145, the Department of Labor has issued regulations at 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 to implement the Davis-Bacon and related Acts. Regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 instruct agencies concerning application of the standard Davis-Bacon contract clauses set forth in that section. Federal agencies providing grants under the Recovery Act shall ensure that the standard Davis-Bacon contract clauses found in 29 CFR 5.5(a) are incorporated in any resultant covered contracts that are in excess of \$2,000 for construction, alteration or repair (including painting and decorating).

- (b) For additional guidance on the wage rate requirements of section 1606, contact your awarding agency. Grant recipients should direct their initial inquiries concerning the application of Davis-Bacon requirements to a particular federally assisted project to the

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Federal agency funding the project. The Secretary of Labor retains final coverage authority under Reorganization Plan Number 14.

F. Award Term—Recovery Act Transactions listed in Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Recipient Responsibilities for Informing Subrecipients

- (a) To maximize the transparency and accountability of funds authorized under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5) (Recovery Act) as required by Congress and in accordance with 2 CFR 215, subpart ____, 21 “Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Agreements” and OMB A-102-Common Rules provisions, recipients agree to maintain records that identify adequately the source and application of Recovery Act funds.
- (b) For recipients covered by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133, “Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,” recipients agree to separately identify the expenditures for Federal awards under the Recovery Act on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) and the Data Collection Form (SF-SAC) required by OMB Circular A-133. This shall be accomplished by identifying expenditures for Federal awards made under the Recovery Act separately on the SEFA, and as separate rows under Item 9 of Part III on the SF-SAC by CFDA number, and inclusion of the prefix “ARRA-” in identifying the name of the Federal program on the SEFA and as the first characters in Item 9d of Part III on the SF-SAC.
- (c) Recipients agree to separately identify to each subrecipient, and document at the time of sub-award and at the time of disbursement of funds, the Federal award number, CFDA number, and amount of Recovery Act funds. When a recipient awards Recovery Act funds for an existing program, the information furnished to subrecipients shall distinguish the subawards of incremental Recovery Act funds from regular subawards under the existing program.
- (d) Recipients agree to require their subrecipients to include on their SEFA information to specifically identify Recovery Act funding similar to the requirements for the recipient SEFA described above. This information is needed to allow the recipient to properly monitor subrecipient expenditure of ARRA funds as well as oversight by the Federal awarding agencies, Offices of Inspector General and the Government Accountability Office

G. Award Term—Reporting of Fraud and Misconduct

Each recipient and subrecipient awarded funds made available under the Recovery Act must promptly refer to the Department of Education’s Office of Inspector General any credible evidence that a principal officer, employee, agent, contractor, subrecipient, subcontractor, or other person has submitted a false claim under the False Claims Act or has committed a criminal or civil violation of laws pertaining to fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, gratuity, or

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similar misconduct involving those funds. Information about the Office of Inspector General Hotline is available at: <http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/oig/hotline.html>

H. Award Term—National Environmental Policy Act requirements under Section 1609 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

All recipients must comply with any applicable environmental impact requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1970 (NEPA), as amended, (42 U.S.C. 4371 *et seq.*), 40 CFR parts 1500 through 1508 and any State government requirements that implement NEPA. The recipient must follow the reporting instructions that will be provided online at www.FederalReporting.gov with respect to compliance with NEPA requirements and documentation for affected projects.

I. Award Term—Conditions governing FY 2008 awards apply to grants awarded with ARRA funds

These funds are subject to the terms of the ARRA, IDEA, and all applicable provisions of the General Education Provisions Act and the Education Department General Administrative Regulations. Conditions, if any, placed on your FY 2008 grant award(s) apply to these funds, unless those conditions have been removed or revised. If the Department makes any further revisions to those conditions when the regular grant award(s) for FY 2009 funds are made on or around July 1, 2009, those revised conditions shall also apply to the funds made available with this award.

ENCLOSURE B

	A	B	C	D	E	F
FISCAL YEAR 2009 ALLOCATION ESTIMATES - GRANTS FOR INFANTS AND FAMILIES INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT - PART C						
	FY 2009 Total Award	ARRA Award	Regular Grant Award	ARRA Award March	ARRA Award by September 30th	
TOTAL	\$939,427,000	\$500,000,000	\$439,427,000	\$214,042,992	\$214,042,992	
Alabama	12,219,045	6,090,859	6,128,186	3,045,430	3,045,429	
Alaska	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Arizona	20,037,125	9,987,957	10,049,168	4,993,979	4,993,978	
Arkansas	7,956,989	3,966,341	3,990,648	1,983,171	1,983,170	
California	106,792,851	53,233,307	53,559,544	26,616,654	26,616,653	
Colorado	13,942,866	6,950,136	6,992,730	3,475,068	3,475,068	
Connecticut	8,205,003	4,089,969	4,115,034	2,044,985	2,044,984	
Delaware	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Florida	46,295,668	23,077,120	23,218,548	11,538,560	11,538,560	
Georgia	29,380,838	14,645,542	14,735,298	7,322,771	7,322,771	
Hawaii	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Idaho	4,733,663	2,359,601	2,374,062	1,179,801	1,179,800	
Illinois	35,196,493	17,544,486	17,652,007	8,772,243	8,772,243	
Indiana	17,188,446	8,567,969	8,620,477	4,283,985	4,283,984	
Iowa	7,765,760	3,871,018	3,894,742	1,935,509	1,935,509	
Kansas	7,767,926	3,872,098	3,895,828	1,936,049	1,936,049	
Kentucky	10,944,643	5,455,604	5,489,039	2,727,802	2,727,802	
Louisiana	11,639,121	5,801,783	5,837,338	2,900,892	2,900,891	
Maine	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Maryland	15,057,024	7,505,513	7,551,311	3,752,757	3,752,756	
Massachusetts	14,768,769	7,361,826	7,406,943	3,680,913	3,680,913	
Michigan	24,768,360	12,346,348	12,422,012	6,173,174	6,173,174	
Minnesota	14,069,433	7,013,227	7,056,206	3,506,614	3,506,613	
Mississippi	8,738,735	4,380,944	4,407,791	2,190,472	2,190,472	
Missouri	15,629,596	7,790,925	7,838,671	3,895,463	3,895,462	
Montana	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Nebraska	5,142,905	2,563,597	2,579,308	1,281,799	1,281,798	
Nevada	7,826,286	3,901,189	3,925,097	1,950,595	1,950,594	
New Hampshire	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
New Jersey	21,665,551	10,799,688	10,865,873	5,399,844	5,399,844	
New Mexico	5,823,269	2,902,740	2,920,529	1,451,370	1,451,370	
New York	47,518,538	23,686,688	23,831,650	11,848,344	11,848,344	
North Carolina	25,539,382	12,730,682	12,808,700	6,365,341	6,365,341	
North Dakota	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Ohio	28,907,525	14,409,609	14,497,916	7,204,805	7,204,804	
Oklahoma	10,576,823	5,272,256	5,304,667	2,636,128	2,636,128	
Oregon	9,439,951	4,705,556	4,734,395	2,352,778	2,352,778	
Pennsylvania	28,619,335	14,265,953	14,353,382	7,132,977	7,132,976	
Rhode Island	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
South Carolina	11,819,847	5,891,870	5,927,977	2,945,935	2,945,935	
South Dakota	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Tennessee	16,250,156	8,100,257	8,149,899	4,050,129	4,050,128	
Texas	79,078,655	39,418,541	39,660,114	19,709,271	19,709,270	
Utah	10,206,969	5,087,894	5,119,075	2,543,947	2,543,947	
Vermont	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Virginia	20,594,073	10,265,580	10,328,493	5,132,790	5,132,790	
Washington	16,948,441	8,448,333	8,500,108	4,224,167	4,224,166	
West Virginia	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Wisconsin	14,042,124	6,999,614	7,042,510	3,499,807	3,499,807	
Wyoming	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
District of Columbia	4,292,799	2,139,843	2,152,956	1,069,922	1,069,921	
Puerto Rico	9,605,250	4,787,954	4,817,296	2,393,977	2,393,977	
Indian set-aside	5,623,320	-	5,623,320	-	-	
American Samoa	603,394	21,277	582,117	10,639	10,638	
Guam	1,476,459	52,064	1,424,395	26,032	26,032	
Northern Mariana Islands	462,904	16,323	446,581	8,162	8,161	
Virgin Islands	787,042	27,753	759,289	13,877	13,876	
Freely Associated States	-	-	-	-	-	
State Incentive Grants*	71,914,050	71,914,050	-	-	-	

* For any fiscal year in which the appropriation exceeds \$460,000,000, the Secretary must reserve 15% of the funds above this amount for State Incentive Grants.