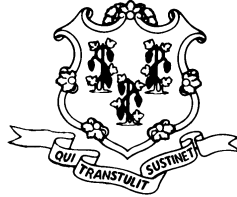


Statutes and Regulations



for
licensing

Family Day Care Homes

State of Connecticut
Department of Public Health
Community Based Regulation Section
Child Day Care Licensing Program
410 Capitol Avenue, MS# 12DAC
P.O. Box 340308
Hartford, CT 06134-0308
1-800-282-6063 and (860) 509-8045

Visit the Department of Public Health, Child Day Care Licensing web site @
www.ct.gov/dph/daycare

March 2011

Connecticut General Statutes-Revised to January 1, 2011

Statutes are revised to January 1 of odd numbered years and therefore should be read in conjunction with Public Acts that have been enacted since the last revision date. A list of recently enacted Public Acts that directly impact the Department's child day care licensure program can be found at www.ct.gov/dph/daycare under Statutes and Regulations.

Sec. 19a-77. (Formerly Sec. 19-43b). "Child day care services" defined. Exclusions. Additional license. (a) As used in sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, and sections 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive, "child day care services" shall include:

- (1) A "child day care center" which offers or provides a program of supplementary care to more than twelve related or unrelated children outside their own homes on a regular basis;
 - (2) A "group day care home" which offers or provides a program of supplementary care (A) to not less than seven or more than twelve related or unrelated children on a regular basis, or (B) that meets the definition of a family day care home except that it operates in a facility other than a private family home;
 - (3) A "family day care home" which consists of a private family home caring for not more than six children, including the provider's own children not in school full time, where the children are cared for not less than three or more than twelve hours during a twenty-four-hour period and where care is given on a regularly recurring basis except that care may be provided in excess of twelve hours but not more than seventy-two consecutive hours to accommodate a need for extended care or intermittent short-term overnight care. During the regular school year, a maximum of three additional children who are in school full time, including the provider's own children, shall be permitted, except that if the provider has more than three children who are in school full time, all of the provider's children shall be permitted;
 - (4) "Night care" means the care provided for one or more hours between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m.;
 - (5) "Year-round" program means a program open at least fifty weeks per year.
- (b) For licensing requirement purposes, child day care services shall not include such services which are:
- (1) (A) Administered by a public school system, or (B) administered by a municipal agency or department and located in a public school building;
 - (2) Administered by a private school which is in compliance with section 10-188 and is approved by the State Board of Education or is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the State Board of Education;
 - (3) Classes in music, dance, drama and art that are no longer than two hours in length; classes that teach a single skill that are no longer than two hours in length; library programs that are no longer than two hours in length; scouting; programs that offer exclusively sports activities; rehearsals; academic tutoring programs; or programs exclusively for children thirteen years of age or older;
 - (4) Informal arrangements among neighbors or relatives in their own homes, provided the relative is limited to any of the following degrees of kinship by blood or marriage to the child being cared for or to the child's parent: Child, grandchild, sibling, niece, nephew, aunt, uncle or child of one's aunt or uncle;
 - (5) Drop-in supplementary child care operations for educational or recreational purposes and the child receives such care infrequently where the parents are on the premises;
 - (6) Drop-in supplementary child care operations in retail establishments where the parents are on the premises for retail shopping, in accordance with section 19a-77a, provided that the drop-in supplementary child-care operation does not charge a fee and does not refer to itself as a child day care center;
 - (7) Drop-in programs administered by a nationally chartered boys' and girls' club;
 - (8) Religious educational activities administered by a religious institution exclusively for children whose parents or legal guardians are members of such religious institution;
 - (9) Administered by Solar Youth, Inc., a New Haven-based nonprofit youth development and environmental education organization, provided Solar Youth, Inc. informs the parents and legal guardians of any children enrolled in its programs

that such programs are not licensed by the Department of Public Health to provide child day care services; or

(10) Programs administered by organizations under contract with the Department of Social Services pursuant to section 17b-851a that promote the reduction of teenage pregnancy through the provision of services to persons who are ten to nineteen years of age, inclusive.

(c) No registrant or licensee of any child day care services as defined in subsection (a) of this section shall be issued an additional registration or license to provide any such services at the same facility.

(d) When a licensee has vacated premises approved by the department for the provision of child day care services and the landlord of such licensee establishes to the satisfaction of the department that such licensee has no legal right or interest to such approved premises, the department may make a determination with respect to an application for a new license for the provision of child day care services at such premises.

Sec. 19a-79a. Pesticide applications at day care centers. (a) As used in this section, "pesticide" means a fungicide used on plants, an insecticide, a herbicide or a rodenticide but does not mean a sanitizer, disinfectant, antimicrobial agent or a pesticide bait; "lawn care pesticide" means a pesticide registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and labeled pursuant to the federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act for use in lawn, garden and ornamental sites or areas; "certified pesticide applicator" means a pesticide applicator with (1) supervisory certification under section 22a-54, or (2) operational certification under section 22a-54, who operates under the direct supervision of a pesticide applicator with said supervisory certification; "licensee" means a person licensed under sections 19a-77 to 19a-87e, inclusive; and "day care center" means a child day care center, group day care home or family day care home that provides "child day care services", as described in section 19a-77.

(b) No person other than a certified pesticide applicator shall apply pesticide within any day care center, except that a person other than a certified pesticide applicator may make an emergency application to eliminate an immediate threat to human health, including, but not limited to, for the elimination of mosquitoes, ticks and stinging insects, provided (1) the licensee or a designee of the licensee determines such emergency application to be necessary, (2) the licensee or a designee of the licensee deems it impractical to obtain the services of a certified pesticide applicator, and (3) such emergency application does not involve a restricted use pesticide, as defined in section 22a-47.

(c) No person shall apply a lawn care pesticide on the grounds of any day care center, except that an emergency application of pesticide may be made to eliminate an immediate threat to human health, including, but not limited to, the elimination of mosquitoes, ticks and stinging insects, provided (1) the licensee or a designee of the licensee determines such emergency application to be necessary, and (2) such emergency application does not involve a restricted use pesticide, as defined in section 22a-47. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a family day care home, as described in section 19a-77, if the grounds of such family day care home are not owned or under the control of the licensee.

(d) No licensee or designee of a licensee shall permit any child enrolled in such licensee's day care center to enter an area where a pesticide has been applied in accordance with this section until it is safe to do so according to the provisions on the pesticide label.

(e) On and after October 1, 2009, prior to providing for any application of pesticide on the grounds of any day care center, the licensee or a designee of the licensee shall, within the existing budgetary resources of such day care center, notify the parents or guardians of each child enrolled in such licensee's day care center by any means practicable no later than twenty-four hours prior to such application, except that for an emergency application made in accordance with this section, such notice shall be given as soon as practicable. Notice under this subsection shall include (1) the name of the active ingredient of the pesticide being applied, (2) the target pest, (3) the location of the application on the day care center property, and (4) the date or proposed date of the application. A copy of the record of each pesticide application at a day care center shall be maintained at such center for a period of five years.

Sec. 19a-80f. Investigation of suspected child abuse or neglect involving licensed facilities. Definition. Information sharing between agencies. Compilation of listing of substantiated allegations. (a) As used in this section, "facility" means a child day care center, a group day care home and a family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, and a youth camp, as defined in section 19a-420.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Children and Families, or the commissioner's designee, shall provide to the Department of Public Health all records concerning reports and investigations of suspected child abuse or neglect, including records of any administrative hearing held pursuant to section 17a-101k: (1) Occurring at any facility, and (2) by any staff member or licensee of any facility and by any household member of any

family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, irrespective of where the abuse or neglect occurred.

(c) The Department of Children and Families and the Department of Public Health shall jointly investigate reports of abuse or neglect occurring at any facility. All information, records and reports concerning such investigation shall be shared between agencies as part of the investigative process.

(d) The Commissioner of Public Health shall compile a listing of allegations of violations that have been substantiated by the Department of Public Health concerning a facility during the prior three-year period. The Commissioner of Public Health shall disclose information contained in the listing to any person who requests it, provided the information does not identify children or family members of those children.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, when the Commissioner of Children and Families has made a finding substantiating abuse or neglect: (1) That occurred at a facility, or (2) by any staff member or licensee of any facility, or by any household member of any family day care home and such finding is included on the state child abuse or neglect registry, maintained by the Department of Children and Families pursuant to section 17a-101k, such finding may be included in the listing compiled by the Department of Public Health pursuant to subsection (d) of this section and may be disclosed to the public by the Department of Public Health.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, when the Commissioner of Children and Families, pursuant to section 17a-101j, has notified the Department of Public Health of suspected child abuse or neglect at a facility and if such child abuse or neglect resulted in or involves (1) the death of a child; (2) the risk of serious physical injury or emotional harm of a child; (3) the serious physical harm of a child; (4) the arrest of a person due to abuse or neglect of a child; (5) a petition filed by the Commissioner of Children and Families pursuant to section 17a-112 or 46b-129; or (6) sexual abuse of a child, the Commissioner of Public Health may include a finding of child abuse or neglect in the listing under subsection (d) of this section and may disclose such finding to the public. If the Commissioner of Children and Families, or the commissioner's designee, notifies the Commissioner of Public Health that such child abuse or neglect was not substantiated after investigation or reversed after appeal, the Commissioner of Public Health shall immediately remove such information from the listing and shall not further disclose any such information to the public.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, all records provided by the Commissioner of Children and Families, or the commissioner's designee, to the Department of Public Health regarding child abuse or neglect occurring at any facility, may be utilized in an administrative proceeding or court proceeding relative to facility licensing. In any such proceeding, such records shall be confidential, except as provided by the provisions of section 4-177c, and such records shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to section 1-210.

Sec. 19a-82. (Formerly Sec. 19-43g). Consultative services of state and municipal departments. Inspections.

Assistance to licensees. The Commissioner of Public Health shall utilize consultative services and assistance from the Departments of Education, Mental Health and Addiction Services and Social Services and from municipal building, fire and health departments. The commissioner shall make periodic inspections of licensed day care centers, group day care homes and family day care homes and shall provide technical assistance to licensees and applicants for licenses to assist them to attain and maintain the standards established in regulations adopted under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive, and 19a-87b.

Sec. 19a-87b. (Formerly Sec. 17-585(b)-(d)). License required for family day care homes. Criminal history records checks. Regulations. Fees. Notification of changes in regulations.

(a) No person, group of persons, association, organization, corporation, institution or agency, public or private, shall maintain a family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, without a license issued by the Commissioner of Public Health. Licensure forms shall be obtained from the Department of Public Health. Applications for licensure shall be made to the commissioner on forms provided by the department and shall contain the information required by regulations adopted under this section. The licensure and application forms shall contain a notice that false statements made therein are punishable in accordance with section 53a-157b. Applicants shall state, in writing, that they are in compliance with the regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Before a family day care home license is granted, the department shall make an inquiry and investigation which shall include a visit and inspection of the premises for which the license is requested. Any inspection conducted by the department shall include an inspection for evident sources of lead poisoning. The department shall provide for a chemical analysis of any paint chips found on such premises. Neither the commissioner nor the commissioner's designee shall require an annual inspection for homes seeking license renewal or for licensed homes, except that the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall make unannounced visits, during customary business hours, to at least thirty-three and one-third per cent of the licensed family day care homes each year. A licensed family day care home shall not be subject to any conditions on the operation of such home by local officials, other than those imposed by the department pursuant to this subsection, if the home complies with all local codes and ordinances applicable to single

and multifamily dwellings.

(b) The Commissioner of Public Health, within available appropriations, shall require each initial applicant or prospective employee of a family day care home in a position requiring the provision of care to a child to submit to state and national criminal history records checks. The criminal history records checks required pursuant to this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with section 29-17a. The commissioner shall also request a check of the state child abuse registry established pursuant to section 17a-101k. The commissioner shall notify each licensee of the provisions of this subsection.

(c) The Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to assure that family day care homes, as defined in section 19a-77, shall meet the health, educational and social needs of children utilizing such homes. Such regulations shall ensure that the family day care home is treated as a residence, and not an institutional facility. Such regulations shall specify that each child be protected as age-appropriate by adequate immunization against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles, mumps, rubella, hemophilus influenzae type B and any other vaccine required by the schedule of active immunization adopted pursuant to section 19a-7f. Such regulations shall provide appropriate exemptions for children for whom such immunization is medically contraindicated and for children whose parents object to such immunization on religious grounds. Such regulations shall also specify conditions under which family day care home providers may administer tests to monitor glucose levels in a child with diagnosed diabetes mellitus, and administer medicinal preparations, including controlled drugs specified in the regulations by the commissioner, to a child receiving day care services at a family day care home pursuant to a written order of a physician licensed to practice medicine in this or another state, an advanced practice registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d, and the written authorization of a parent or guardian of such child. Such regulations shall specify appropriate standards for extended care and intermittent short-term overnight care. The commissioner shall inform each licensee, by way of a plain language summary provided not later than sixty days after the regulation's effective date, of any new or changed regulations adopted under this subsection with which a licensee must comply.

(d) Applications for initial licensure under this section submitted prior to October 1, 2008, shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty dollars and such licenses shall be issued for a term of two years. Applications for renewal of licenses granted under this section submitted prior to October 1, 2008, shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty dollars and such licenses shall be renewed for a term of two years. No such license shall be renewed unless the licensee certifies that the children enrolled in the family day care home have received age-appropriate immunization in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

(e) Each license issued on or after October 1, 2008, shall be for a term of four years, shall be nontransferable and may be renewed upon payment of the licensure fee and a signed statement from the licensee certifying that the children enrolled in the family day care home have received age-appropriate immunization in accordance with regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. The Commissioner of Public Health shall collect from the licensee of a family day care home a fee of eighty dollars for each license issued or renewed for a term of four years.

Sec. 19a-87c. (Formerly Sec. 17-586). Family day care home: Penalty for operation without a license. Notice and

hearing. (a) Any person or officer of an association, organization or corporation who shall establish, conduct, maintain or operate a family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, without a current and valid license shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars a day for each day that such home is operated without a license.

(b) If the Commissioner of Public Health has reason to believe that a violation has occurred for which a civil penalty is authorized by subsection (a) of this section, he may send to such person or officer by certified mail, return receipt requested, or personally serve upon such person or officer, a notice which shall include: (1) A reference to the section or sections of the general statutes or regulations involved; (2) a short and plain statement of the matters asserted or charged; (3) a statement of the maximum civil penalty which may be imposed for such violation; and (4) a statement of the party's right to request a hearing. Such request shall be submitted in writing to the commissioner not later than thirty days after the notice is mailed or served.

(c) If such person or officer so requests the commissioner shall hold a hearing on the violation asserted. The hearing shall be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. If such person or officer fails to request a hearing or fails to appear at the hearing or if, after the hearing, the commissioner finds that the person or officer has committed such violation, the commissioner may, in his discretion, order that a civil penalty be imposed that is not greater than the penalty stated in the notice. The commissioner shall send a copy of any order issued pursuant to this subsection by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the person or officer named in such order.

Sec. 19a-87d. (Formerly Sec. 17-587). Family day care homes: Injunction against illegal operation. The Commissioner of Public Health may request the Attorney General to bring an action, in the superior court for the judicial district in which such home is located, to enjoin any person, group of persons, association, organization, corporation, institution or agency, public or private, from maintaining a family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, without a license or in violation of regulations adopted under section 19a-87b, and satisfactory proof of the lack of a license or the violation of the regulations without more shall entitle the commissioner to injunctive relief.

Sec. 19a-87e. (Formerly Sec. 17-588). Family day care homes: Discretion in the issuance of licenses. Suspension. Revocation. Denial of initial license application. Notification of criminal conviction. False statements. Reporting of violations. (a) The Commissioner of Public Health may refuse to license under section 19a-87b, a person to own, conduct, operate or maintain a family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, or to suspend or revoke the license or take any other action that may be set forth in regulation that may be adopted pursuant to section 19a-79 if the person who owns, conducts, maintains or operates the family day care home, or a person employed in such family day care home in a position connected with the provision of care to a child receiving child day care services, has been convicted, in this state or any other state of a felony, as defined in section 53a-25, involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another person, or has a criminal record in this state or any other state that the commissioner reasonably believes renders the person unsuitable to own, conduct, operate or maintain or be employed by a family day care home, or if such persons or a person residing in the household has been convicted in this state or any other state of cruelty to persons under section 53-20, injury or risk of injury to or impairing morals of children under section 53-21, abandonment of children under the age of six years under section 53-23, or any felony where the victim of the felony is a child under eighteen years of age, a violation of section 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a, illegal manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing or administration under section 21a-277 or 21a-278, or illegal possession under section 21a-279, or if such person, or a person employed in such family day care home in a position connected with the provision of care to a child receiving child day care services, either fails to substantially comply with the regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-87b or conducts, operates or maintains the home in a manner which endangers the health, safety and welfare of the children receiving child day care services. Any refusal of a license pursuant to this section shall be rendered in accordance with the provisions of sections 46a-79 to 46a-81, inclusive. Any person whose license has been revoked pursuant to this section shall be ineligible to apply for a license for a period of one year from the effective date of revocation.

(b) When the commissioner intends to suspend or revoke a license or take any other action against a license set forth in regulation adopted pursuant to section 19a-79, the commissioner shall notify the licensee in writing of the commissioner's intended action. The licensee may, if aggrieved by such intended action, make application for a hearing in writing over the licensee's signature to the commissioner. The licensee shall state in the application in plain language the reasons why the licensee claims to be aggrieved. The application shall be delivered to the commissioner within thirty days of the licensee's receipt of notification of the intended action. The commissioner shall thereupon hold a hearing within sixty days from receipt of such application and shall, at least ten days prior to the date of such hearing, mail a notice, giving the time and place of the hearing, to the licensee. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the denial of an initial application for a license under section 19a-87b, provided the commissioner shall notify the applicant of any such denial and the reasons for such denial by mailing written notice to the applicant at the applicant's address shown on the license application.

(c) Any person who is licensed to conduct, operate or maintain a family day care home shall notify the commissioner of any conviction of the owner, conductor, operator or maintainer of the family day care home or of any person residing in the household or any person employed in such family day care home in a position connected with the provision of care to a child receiving child day care services, of a crime which affects the commissioner's discretion under subsection (a) of this section, immediately upon obtaining knowledge of such conviction. Failure to comply with the notification requirement of this subsection may result in the suspension or revocation of the license or the taking of any other action against a license set forth in regulation adopted pursuant to section 19a-79 and shall subject the licensee to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars per day for each day after the person obtained knowledge of the conviction.

(d) It shall be a class A misdemeanor for any person seeking employment in a position connected with the provision of care to a child receiving family day care home services to make a false written statement regarding prior criminal convictions pursuant to a form bearing notice to the effect that such false statements are punishable, which statement such person does not believe to be true and is intended to mislead the prospective employer.

(e) Any person having reasonable cause to believe that a family day care home, as defined in section 19a-77, is operating without a current and valid license or in violation of the regulations adopted under section 19a-87b or in a manner which may pose a potential danger to the health, welfare and safety of a child receiving child day care services, may report such information to any office of the Department of Public Health. The department shall investigate any report or complaint received pursuant to this subsection. The name of the person making the report or complaint shall not be disclosed unless

(1) such person consents to such disclosure, (2) a judicial or administrative proceeding results from such report or complaint, or (3) a license action pursuant to subsection (a) of this section results from such report or complaint. All records obtained by the department in connection with any such investigation shall not be subject to the provisions of section 1-210 for a period of thirty days from the date of the petition or other event initiating such investigation, or until such time as the investigation is terminated pursuant to a withdrawal or other informal disposition or until a hearing is convened pursuant to chapter 54, whichever is earlier. A formal statement of charges issued by the department shall be subject to the provisions of section 1-210 from the time that it is served or mailed to the respondent. Records which are otherwise public records shall not be deemed confidential merely because they have been obtained in connection with an investigation under this section.

Sec. 46b-120. (Formerly Sec. 51-301). *(See end of section for amended version and effective date.) **Definitions.** The terms used in this chapter shall, in its interpretation and in the interpretation of other statutes, be defined as follows:

(1) "Child" means any person under eighteen years of age who has not been legally emancipated, except that (A) for purposes of delinquency matters and proceedings, "child" means any person (i) under seventeen years of age who has not been legally emancipated, or (ii) seventeen years of age or older who, prior to attaining seventeen years of age, has committed a delinquent act or, subsequent to attaining seventeen years of age, (I) violates any order of the Superior Court or any condition of probation ordered by the Superior Court with respect to a delinquency proceeding, or (II) wilfully fails to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing in a delinquency proceeding of which the child had notice, and (B) for purposes of family with service needs matters and proceedings, child means a person under seventeen years of age;

(2) (A) "Youth" means any person sixteen or seventeen years of age who has not been legally emancipated, and (B) "youth in crisis" means any person seventeen years of age who has not been legally emancipated and who, within the last two years, (i) has without just cause run away from the parental home or other properly authorized and lawful place of abode, (ii) is beyond the control of the youth's parents, guardian or other custodian, or (iii) has four unexcused absences from school in any one month or ten unexcused absences in any school year;

(3) "Abused" means that a child or youth (A) has been inflicted with physical injury or injuries other than by accidental means, (B) has injuries that are at variance with the history given of them, or (C) is in a condition that is the result of maltreatment, including, but not limited to, malnutrition, sexual molestation or exploitation, deprivation of necessities, emotional maltreatment or cruel punishment;

(4) A child may be found "mentally deficient" who, by reason of a deficiency of intelligence that has existed from birth or from early age, requires, or will require, for such child's protection or for the protection of others, special care, supervision and control;

(5) (A) A child may be convicted as "delinquent" who has, while under sixteen years of age, (i) violated any federal or state law, except section 53a-172 or 53a-173, or violated a municipal or local ordinance, except an ordinance regulating behavior of a child in a family with service needs, (ii) wilfully failed to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing in a delinquency proceeding of which the child had notice, (iii) violated any order of the Superior Court in a delinquency proceeding, except as provided in section 46b-148, or (iv) violated conditions of probation in a delinquency proceeding as ordered by the court;

(B) A child may be convicted as "delinquent" who has (i) while sixteen years of age, violated any federal or state law, other than (I) an infraction, (II) a violation, (III) a motor vehicle offense or violation under title 14, (IV) a violation of a municipal or local ordinance, or (V) a violation of section 51-164r, 53a-172 or 53a-173, (ii) while sixteen years of age or older wilfully failed to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing in a delinquency proceeding of which the child had notice, (iii) while sixteen years of age or older, violated any order of the Superior Court in a delinquency proceeding, except as provided in section 46b-148, or (iv) while sixteen years of age or older, violated conditions of probation in a delinquency proceeding as ordered by the court;

(6) A child or youth may be found "dependent" whose home is a suitable one for the child or youth, except for the financial inability of the child's or youth's parents, parent or guardian, or other person maintaining such home, to provide the specialized care the condition of the child or youth requires;

(7) "Family with service needs" means a family that includes a child under seventeen years of age who (A) has without just cause run away from the parental home or other properly authorized and lawful place of abode, (B) is beyond the control of the child's or youth's parent, parents, guardian or other custodian, (C) has engaged in indecent or immoral conduct, (D) is a truant or habitual truant or who, while in school, has been continuously and overtly defiant of school rules

and regulations, or (E) is thirteen years of age or older and has engaged in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is thirteen years of age or older and not more than two years older or younger than such child or youth;

(8) A child or youth may be found "neglected" who (A) has been abandoned, (B) is being denied proper care and attention, physically, educationally, emotionally or morally, (C) is being permitted to live under conditions, circumstances or associations injurious to the well-being of the child or youth, or (D) has been abused;

(9) A child or youth may be found "uncared for" who is homeless or whose home cannot provide the specialized care that the physical, emotional or mental condition of the child or youth requires. For the purposes of this section, the treatment of any child or youth by an accredited Christian Science practitioner, in lieu of treatment by a licensed practitioner of the healing arts, shall not of itself constitute neglect or maltreatment;

(10) "Delinquent act" means (A) the violation by a child under the age of sixteen of any federal or state law, except the violation of section 53a-172 or 53a-173, or the violation of a municipal or local ordinance, except an ordinance regulating behavior of a child in a family with service needs, (B) the violation by a child sixteen years of age of any federal or state law, other than (i) an infraction, (ii) a violation, (iii) a motor vehicle offense or violation under title 14, (iv) the violation of a municipal or local ordinance, or (v) the violation of section 51-164r, 53a-172 or 53a-173, (C) the wilful failure of a child, including a child who has attained the age of seventeen or older, to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing in a delinquency proceeding of which the child has notice, (D) the violation of any order of the Superior Court in a delinquency proceeding by a child, including a child who has attained the age of seventeen or older, except as provided in section 46b-148, or (E) the violation of conditions of probation in a delinquency proceeding by a child, including a child who has attained the age of seventeen or older, as ordered by the court;

(11) "Serious juvenile offense" means (A) the violation of, including attempt or conspiracy to violate, section 21a-277, 21a-278, 29-33, 29-34, 29-35, subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, 53-80a, 53-202b, 53-202c, 53-390 to 53-392, inclusive, 53a-54a to 53a-57, inclusive, 53a-59 to 53a-60c, inclusive, 53a-70 to 53a-71, inclusive, 53a-72b, 53a-86, 53a-92 to 53a-94a, inclusive, 53a-95, 53a-101, 53a-102a, 53a-103a or 53a-111 to 53a-113, inclusive, subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-122, subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 53a-123, section 53a-134, 53a-135, 53a-136a or 53a-167c, subsection (a) of section 53a-174, or section 53a-196a, 53a-211, 53a-212, 53a-216 or 53a-217b, or (B) running away, without just cause, from any secure placement other than home while referred as a delinquent child to the Court Support Services Division or committed as a delinquent child to the Commissioner of Children and Families for a serious juvenile offense;

(12) "Serious juvenile offender" means any child convicted as delinquent for the commission of a serious juvenile offense;

(13) "Serious juvenile repeat offender" means any child charged with the commission of any felony if such child has previously been convicted as delinquent or otherwise convicted at any age for two violations of any provision of title 21a, 29, 53 or 53a that is designated as a felony;

(14) "Alcohol-dependent" means a psychoactive substance dependence on alcohol as that condition is defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders"; and

(15) "Drug-dependent" means a psychoactive substance dependence on drugs as that condition is defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders". No child shall be classified as drug-dependent who is dependent (A) upon a morphine-type substance as an incident to current medical treatment of a demonstrable physical disorder other than drug dependence, or (B) upon amphetamine-type, ataractic, barbiturate-type, hallucinogenic or other stimulant and depressant substances as an incident to current medical treatment of a demonstrable physical or psychological disorder, or both, other than drug dependence.

***Note:** On and after July 1, 2012, this section, as amended by section 82 of public act 09-7 of the September special session, is to read as follows:

"Sec. 46b-120. (Formerly Sec. 51-301). Definitions. The terms used in this chapter shall, in its interpretation and in the interpretation of other statutes, be defined as follows:

(1) "Child" means any person under sixteen years of age, except that (A) for purposes of delinquency matters and proceedings, "child" means any person (i) under eighteen years of age who has not been legally emancipated, or (ii) eighteen years of age or older who, prior to attaining eighteen years of age, has committed a delinquent act and, subsequent to attaining eighteen years of age, (I) violates any order of the Superior Court or any condition of probation ordered by the Superior Court with respect to such delinquency proceeding, or (II) wilfully fails to appear in response to a summons under

section 46b-133 with respect to such delinquency proceeding, and (B) for purposes of family with service needs matters and proceedings, child means a person under eighteen years of age;

(2) "Youth" means any person sixteen or seventeen years of age who has not been legally emancipated;

(3) "Abused" means that a child or youth (A) has been inflicted with physical injury or injuries other than by accidental means, (B) has injuries that are at variance with the history given of them, or (C) is in a condition that is the result of maltreatment, including, but not limited to, malnutrition, sexual molestation or exploitation, deprivation of necessities, emotional maltreatment or cruel punishment;

(4) A child may be found "mentally deficient" who, by reason of a deficiency of intelligence that has existed from birth or from early age, requires, or will require, for such child's protection or for the protection of others, special care, supervision and control;

(5) (A) A child may be convicted as "delinquent" who has (i) while under sixteen years of age, violated any federal or state law or municipal or local ordinance, except an ordinance regulating behavior of a child in a family with service needs, (ii) wilfully failed to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing of which the child had notice, (iii) violated any order of the Superior Court, except as provided in section 46b-148, or (iv) violated conditions of probation as ordered by the court;

(B) A child may be convicted as "delinquent" who has (i) while sixteen or seventeen years of age, violated any federal or state law, other than (I) an infraction, (II) a violation, (III) a motor vehicle offense or violation as defined in chapter 248, or (IV) a violation of a municipal or local ordinance, (ii) wilfully failed to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing of which the child had notice, (iii) violated any order of the Superior Court, except as provided in section 46b-148, or (iv) violated conditions of probation as ordered by the court;

(6) A child or youth may be found "dependent" whose home is a suitable one for the child or youth, except for the financial inability of the child's or youth's parents, parent or guardian, or other person maintaining such home, to provide the specialized care the condition of the child or youth requires;

(7) "Family with service needs" means a family that includes a child or a youth who (A) has without just cause run away from the parental home or other properly authorized and lawful place of abode, (B) is beyond the control of the child's or youth's parent, parents, guardian or other custodian, (C) has engaged in indecent or immoral conduct, (D) is a truant or habitual truant or who, while in school, has been continuously and overtly defiant of school rules and regulations, or (E) is thirteen years of age or older and has engaged in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is thirteen years of age or older and not more than two years older or younger than such child or youth;

(8) A child or youth may be found "neglected" who (A) has been abandoned, (B) is being denied proper care and attention, physically, educationally, emotionally or morally, (C) is being permitted to live under conditions, circumstances or associations injurious to the well-being of the child or youth, or (D) has been abused;

(9) A child or youth may be found "uncared for" who is homeless or whose home cannot provide the specialized care that the physical, emotional or mental condition of the child or youth requires. For the purposes of this section, the treatment of any child or youth by an accredited Christian Science practitioner, in lieu of treatment by a licensed practitioner of the healing arts, shall not of itself constitute neglect or maltreatment;

(10) "Delinquent act" means (A) the violation by a child under the age of sixteen of any federal or state law or municipal or local ordinance, except an ordinance regulating behavior of a child in a family with service needs, (B) the violation by a child sixteen or seventeen years of age of any federal or state law, other than (i) an infraction, (ii) a violation, (iii) a motor vehicle offense or violation under chapter 248, or (iv) a violation of a municipal or local ordinance, (C) wilful failure of a child to appear in response to a summons under section 46b-133 or at any other court hearing of which the child has notice, (D) the violation of any order of the Superior Court by a child, except as provided in section 46b-148, or (E) the violation of conditions of probation by a child as ordered by the court;

(11) "Serious juvenile offense" means (A) the violation of, including attempt or conspiracy to violate, (i) section 21a-277, 21a-278, 29-33, 29-34, 29-35, 53-21, 53-80a, 53-202b, 53-202c, 53-390 to 53-392, inclusive, 53a-54a to 53a-56a, inclusive, 53a-59 to 53a-60c, inclusive, 53a-70 to 53a-71, inclusive, 53a-72b, 53a-86, 53a-92 to 53a-94a, inclusive, 53a-95, 53a-101, 53a-102a, 53a-103a or 53a-111 to 53a-113, inclusive, subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-122, subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 53a-123, section 53a-134, 53a-135, 53a-136a, 53a-166 or 53a-167c, subsection (a) of section 53a-174, or section 53a-196a, 53a-211, 53a-212, 53a-216 or 53a-217b, by a child, or (ii) section 53a-56b or

53a-57 by a child under sixteen years of age, or (B) running away, without just cause, from any secure placement other than home while referred as a delinquent child to the Court Support Services Division or committed as a delinquent child to the Commissioner of Children and Families for a serious juvenile offense;

(12) "Serious juvenile offender" means any child convicted as delinquent for the commission of a serious juvenile offense;

(13) "Serious juvenile repeat offender" means any child charged with the commission of any felony if such child has previously been convicted as delinquent or otherwise convicted at any age for two violations of any provision of title 21a, 29, 53 or 53a that is designated as a felony;

(14) "Alcohol-dependent" means a psychoactive substance dependence on alcohol as that condition is defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders"; and

(15) "Drug-dependent" means a psychoactive substance dependence on drugs as that condition is defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders". No child shall be classified as drug-dependent who is dependent (A) upon a morphine-type substance as an incident to current medical treatment of a demonstrable physical disorder other than drug dependence, or (B) upon amphetamine-type, ataractic, barbiturate-type, hallucinogenic or other stimulant and depressant substances as an incident to current medical treatment of a demonstrable physical or psychological disorder, or both, other than drug dependence."

Sec. 17a-101. (Formerly Sec. 17-38a). Protection of children from abuse. Mandated reporters. Educational and training programs. (a) The public policy of this state is: To protect children whose health and welfare may be adversely affected through injury and neglect; to strengthen the family and to make the home safe for children by enhancing the parental capacity for good child care; to provide a temporary or permanent nurturing and safe environment for children when necessary; and for these purposes to require the reporting of suspected child abuse or neglect, investigation of such reports by a social agency, and provision of services, where needed, to such child and family.

(b) The following persons shall be mandated reporters: Any physician or surgeon licensed under the provisions of chapter 370, any resident physician or intern in any hospital in this state, whether or not so licensed, any registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, medical examiner, dentist, dental hygienist, psychologist, coach of intramural or interscholastic athletics, school superintendent, school teacher, school principal, school guidance counselor, school paraprofessional, school coach, social worker, police officer, juvenile or adult probation officer, juvenile or adult parole officer, member of the clergy, pharmacist, physical therapist, optometrist, chiropractor, podiatrist, mental health professional or physician assistant, any person who is a licensed or certified emergency medical services provider, any person who is a licensed or certified alcohol and drug counselor, any person who is a licensed marital and family therapist, any person who is a sexual assault counselor or a battered women's counselor as defined in section 52-146k, any person who is a licensed professional counselor, any person who is a licensed foster parent, any person paid to care for a child in any public or private facility, child day care center, group day care home or family day care home licensed by the state, any employee of the Department of Children and Families, any employee of the Department of Public Health who is responsible for the licensing of child day care centers, group day care homes, family day care homes or youth camps, the Child Advocate and any employee of the Office of the Child Advocate and any family relations counselor, family relations counselor trainee or family services supervisor employed by the Judicial Department.

(c) The Commissioner of Children and Families shall develop an educational training program for the accurate and prompt identification and reporting of child abuse and neglect. Such training program shall be made available to all persons mandated to report child abuse and neglect at various times and locations throughout the state as determined by the Commissioner of Children and Families.

(d) Any mandated reporter, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, who fails to report to the Commissioner of Children and Families pursuant to section 17a-101a shall be required to participate in an educational and training program established by the commissioner. The program may be provided by one or more private organizations approved by the commissioner, provided the entire costs of the program shall be paid from fees charged to the participants, the amount of which shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner.

Sec. 17a-101a. Report of abuse, neglect or injury of child or imminent risk of serious harm to child. Penalty for failure to report. Any mandated reporter, as defined in section 17a-101, who in the ordinary course of such person's employment or profession has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any child under the age of eighteen years (1) has been abused or neglected, as defined in section 46b-120, (2) has had nonaccidental physical injury, or injury which is at variance with the history given of such injury, inflicted upon such child, or (3) is placed at imminent risk of serious harm,

shall report or cause a report to be made in accordance with the provisions of sections 17a-101b to 17a-101d, inclusive. Any person required to report under the provisions of this section who fails to make such report shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars and shall be required to participate in an educational and training program pursuant to subsection (d) of section 17a-101.

Sec. 17a-101b. Oral report by mandated reporter. Notification of law enforcement agency when allegation of sexual abuse or serious physical abuse. Notification of person in charge of institution, facility or school when staff member suspected of abuse or neglect. (a) An oral report shall be made by a mandated reporter as soon as practicable but not later than twelve hours after the mandated reporter has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected or placed in imminent risk of serious harm, by telephone or in person to the Commissioner of Children and Families or a law enforcement agency. If a law enforcement agency receives an oral report, it shall immediately notify the Commissioner of Children and Families.

(b) If the commissioner or the commissioner's designee suspects or knows that such person has knowingly made a false report, the identity of such person shall be disclosed to the appropriate law enforcement agency and to the perpetrator of the alleged abuse.

(c) If the Commissioner of Children and Families, or the commissioner's designee, receives a report alleging sexual abuse or serious physical abuse, including, but not limited to, a report that: (1) A child has died; (2) a child has been sexually assaulted; (3) a child has suffered brain damage or loss or serious impairment of a bodily function or organ; (4) a child has been sexually exploited; or (5) a child has suffered serious nonaccidental physical injury, the commissioner shall, within twelve hours of receipt of such report, notify the appropriate law enforcement agency.

(d) Whenever a mandated reporter, as defined in section 17a-101, has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any child has been abused or neglected by a member of the staff of a public or private institution or facility that provides care for such child or a public or private school, the mandated reporter shall report as required in subsection (a) of this section. The Commissioner of Children and Families or the commissioner's designee shall notify the person in charge of such institution, facility or school or the person's designee, unless such person is the alleged perpetrator of the abuse or neglect of such child. Such person in charge, or such person's designee, shall then immediately notify the child's parent or other person responsible for the child's care that a report has been made.

Sec. 17a-101c. Written report by mandated reporter. Within forty-eight hours of making an oral report, a mandated reporter shall submit a written report to the Commissioner of Children and Families or his representative. When a mandated reporter is a member of the staff of a public or private institution or facility that provides care for such child or public or private school he shall also submit a copy of the written report to the person in charge of such institution, school or facility or the person's designee. In the case of a report concerning a school employee holding a certificate, authorization or permit issued by the State Board of Education under the provisions of sections 10-144o to 10-146b, inclusive, and 10-149, a copy of the written report shall also be sent by the person in charge of such institution, school or facility to the Commissioner of Education or his representative. In the case of an employee of a facility or institution that provides care for a child which is licensed by the state, a copy of the written report shall also be sent by the mandated reporter to the executive head of the state licensing agency.

Sec. 17a-101d. Contents of oral and written reports. All oral and written reports required in sections 17a-101a to 17a-101c, inclusive, and section 17a-103, shall contain, if known: (1) The names and addresses of the child and his parents or other person responsible for his care; (2) the age of the child; (3) the gender of the child; (4) the nature and extent of the child's injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect; (5) the approximate date and time the injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect occurred; (6) information concerning any previous injury or injuries to, or maltreatment or neglect of, the child or his siblings; (7) the circumstances in which the injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect came to be known to the reporter; (8) the name of the person or persons suspected to be responsible for causing such injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect; and (9) whatever action, if any, was taken to treat, provide shelter or otherwise assist the child.

Sec. 17a-101e. Employers prohibited from discrimination against witness in child abuse proceeding. Penalty.

Immunity for making report of child abuse in good faith. False report of child abuse. Penalty. (a) No employer shall discharge, or in any manner discriminate or retaliate against, any employee who in good faith makes a report pursuant to sections 17a-101a to 17a-101d, inclusive, and 17a-103, testifies or is about to testify in any proceeding involving child abuse or neglect. The Attorney General may bring an action in Superior Court against an employer who violates this subsection. The court may assess a civil penalty of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars and may order such other equitable relief as the court deems appropriate.

(b) Any person, institution or agency which, in good faith, makes, or in good faith does not make, the report pursuant to

sections 17a-101a to 17a-101d, inclusive, and 17a-103 shall be immune from any liability, civil or criminal, which might otherwise be incurred or imposed and shall have the same immunity with respect to any judicial proceeding which results from such report provided such person did not perpetrate or cause such abuse or neglect.

(c) Any person who knowingly makes a false report of child abuse or neglect pursuant to sections 17a-101a to 17a-101d, inclusive, and 17a-103, shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year or both.

19a-87b-1. Purpose

Family Day Care Homes**19a-87b-1. Purpose**

The purpose of registration of family day care homes is to assure that family day care homes meet the health, educational and social needs of the children utilizing such homes.

(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-2. Definitions

For the purpose of Sections 19a-87b-2 through 19a-87b-17 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, the following definitions shall apply:

- (1) "Administration of Medication" means the direct application of a medication by inhalation, injection or any other means to the body of a person.
- (2) "Adult" means a person eighteen (18) years of age or over.
- (3) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual licensed pursuant to subsection (b) of section 20-94a of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (4) "Applicant" means a person, twenty (20) years of age or older, who has completed, signed and submitted an application to the department to obtain a family day care home registration.
- (5) "Application" means the forms prescribed by the Commissioner which are to be used by applicants for initial registration, by providers for registration renewal, and by family day care staff for staff approval. Forms may be changed by the Department from time to time.
- (6) "Assistant" means an adult approved in writing by the Commissioner, who assists the provider or substitute in caring for children in the registered facility, while the provider or substitute is present.
- (7) "Authorized prescriber" means a physician, dentist, advanced practice registered nurse or physician assistant.
- (8) "Child" means any person under eighteen (18) years of age.
- (9) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Public Health or the commissioner's designee(s) or representative(s).
- (10) "Customary Business Hours" means the hours in which the family day care home is in operation caring for children.
- (11) "Department" means the Department of Public Health.
- (12) "Emergency Caregiver" means a person twenty (20) years of age or older, who can assume the provider's duties in an unforeseen emergency situation.
- (13) "Facility" means the entire premises, identified on the registration application, indoors and outdoors, including space not directly used for child care.
- (14) "Family Day Care Home" means a facility so designated under Connecticut General Statute 19a-77 as same may be amended.
- (15) "Family Day Care Services" means care of not more than six children, including provider's own children not in school full time, where the children are cared for not less than three nor more than twelve hours during a twenty-four-hour period and where care is given on a regularly recurring basis. During the regular school year, a maximum of three additional children who are in school full time, including the provider's own children, shall be permitted, except that if the provider has more than three children who are in school full time, all of the provider's children shall be permitted.
- (16) "Investigational drug" means any medication with an approved investigation new drug application on file with the Federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA), that is being scientifically tested and clinically evaluated to determine its efficacy, safety, and side effects and that has not yet received FDA approval.
- (17) "Home Visit" means a visit to the family day care home of an applicant or provider by department staff. Said home visit may be announced, as when the initial application inspection is performed; or unannounced, when performed in response to a complaint or as a spot inspection. All home visits shall be performed during customary business hours.

19a-87b-3. Application for a registration to operate a family day care home

- (18) "Household member" means any person other than the provider who resides in or has a right to reside in the family day care home, such as the provider's spouse or children, boarders, and any other occupant.
- (19) "Medication" means any medicinal preparation including controlled substances, as defined in section 21a-240 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (20) "Medication error" means failure to administer the medication to a child, or failure to administer medication within one (1) hour of the time designated by the prescribing practitioner, or failure to administer the specific medication prescribed for a child, or failure to administer the medication by the correct route or failure to administer the medication according to generally accepted medical practices, or failure to administer the correct dosage of medication.
- (21) "Night Care" means family day care services provided during a child's normal night time sleeping hours.
- (22) "Parent" means the person who retains custody of the child; i.e. the mother, father, supervising relative, legal guardian or foster parent.
- (23) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in this or another state.
- (24) "Physician assistant" means an individual licensed pursuant to section 20-12b of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (25) "Primary health care provider" means the individual who is responsible for the health care of the child outside the facility.
- (26) "Provider" means the person registered by the department to provide family day care services, and who may substitute for another registered provider.
- (27) "Registered Capacity" means the number of day care children that the provider is authorized to care for as contained in the registration certificate.
- (28) "Registered nurse" means a person with a license to practice as a registered nurse in Connecticut in accordance with chapter 378 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (29) "Registration" means the official process by which an applicant has been given a license granting legal permission by the Commissioner to operate a family day care home.
- (30) "Residence" means a home occupied by the provider or approved for occupancy as a home as evidenced by a valid certificate of occupancy.
- (31) "Substitute" means a person approved in writing by the Commissioner who may assume the provider's responsibilities in the provider's absence, and who meets the same qualifications as a provider.
(Effective September 1, 1993; Amended August 8, 1995; Renumbered January 29, 1996; amended November 3, 1997.)

19a-87b-3. Application for a registration to operate a family day care home

- (a) Registration Required to Operate. No person, group of persons, association, organization, corporation, institution or agency, public or private, may operate a family day care home in the State of Connecticut without a registration issued by the Commissioner. Only one registration shall be issued per residence.
- (b) Relative Providers who are Required to Register. An individual who provides child care at a home other than the child's own for children who are not his/her grandchild(ren), niece(s), nephews(s), sibling(s), son(s) or daughter(s) by blood, adoption or marriage is required to register. The Department may require documentation verifying the relationship.
- (c) Application Form. A person may apply for a family day care home registration by completing, signing and submitting to the Department an application to obtain a family day care home registration. Only one registration shall be issued per residence. The application forms are available through any office of the Department. The application forms, which may be modified by the Commissioner from time to time, shall contain information that the Commissioner deems necessary to determine whether the applicant or provider shall be issued or re-issued a family day care home registration. The application forms shall contain a notice that false statements made therein are

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19a-87b-4. Renewal of registration

- punishable in accordance with Section 53a-157 of the Connecticut General Statutes, and that false statements may also be grounds for the denial of the registration. The application forms shall contain a certification that the applicant or provider is familiar with the family day care home regulations, agrees to abide by them, and will allow home visits by Department staff to the family day care home.
- (d) **Release Forms.** The applicant, household members, and proposed family day care staff, as part of the application process, shall also agree to provide and/or authorize Department access to any information or records that the Commissioner deems necessary to investigate and/or verify that the applicant meets the requirements of Section 19a-87b-6 through 19a-87b-8 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, inclusive, including, but not limited to, medical information, police records and records of the Department of Children and Families. If the applicant, household members and proposed day care staff refuse to cooperate with the Department in completing this process, or fail to provide the required information, such failure shall constitute sufficient reason for denial of the application.
- (e) **Interview and Inspection.** The applicant shall be interviewed as part of the application process, and shall allow Department personnel to inspect thoroughly the entire premises.
- (f) **Denial of Application - Request for a Fair Hearing.** An applicant who is aggrieved by the Department's denial of his/her application for family day care home registration may submit to the Commissioner a written request for a fair hearing on the denial, which shall state in simple language the reasons why the aggrieved person is seeking to have the denial reviewed by the Department. The request for a fair hearing shall be mailed to the Commissioner within sixty (60) days from the date of the denial letter.
- (g) **Reapplication Process.** A provider who has voluntarily withdrawn or terminated an application or registration may reapply by filing a new application with the Department at any time.
(Effective September 1, 1993; Amended August 8, 1995; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-4. Renewal of registration

- (a) **Renewal Application.** A registered provider of family day care home services who desires to renew a registration shall submit before the expiration date an unaltered, completed and signed application for renewal on the forms prescribed by the Commissioner. Information requested at renewal includes, but is not limited to:
- (1) Current enrollment
 - (2) A statement that all children in facility are up to date on immunizations
 - (3) Information on staff
 - (4) Statement of change in any household member's health status
 - (5) Physical changes made to the facility
 - (6) Changes in family situation
 - (7) Statement of compliance with the regulations for family day care homes.
- (b) **Registration to Remain in Effect.** In the event that an unaltered, completed and signed application for a renewal of a registration to operate a family day care home has been submitted in a timely manner to the Department, but has not been acted upon by the Commissioner before the expiration date, the registration shall remain in effect until the Commissioner makes his decision on such application. During this period, all laws and regulations, as amended, governing the operation of a day care home shall remain in effect and be binding upon the provider.
(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-5. Terms of the registration

- (a) **Registration Term and Fee.** The registration shall be for a term of one year from the date of issuance and the Commissioner shall collect a fee of ten dollars for such registration

19a-87b-5. Terms of the registration

- from the applicant or provider. Only one registration at a time shall be issued per residence.
- (b) Suitability. A registration will not be issued to any applicant, or renewed for a provider, unless the Commissioner finds that such applicant or provider is a suitable person to care for children in a family day care home and meets and agrees to comply with Sections 17-585-1 to 17-585-16 inclusive of these regulations. Suitability shall be determined by a review of the application materials, references, any criminal records, law enforcement records, medical records, protective services records and any other relevant material obtained by the Department. The Commissioner shall, after reviewing all the circumstances, make a determination whether the applicant or provider is a suitable person to care for children in a family day care home and whether the children's health and safety would be at risk under said applicant or provider's care.
 - (c) Nontransferability of the Registration. An applicant may apply for a registration only in his/her own name and only for the premises indicated on the application, which premises shall be a residence.
 - (1) A registration shall not be assigned by a provider to any other person under any circumstances. A provider shall not use a substitute on a regularly, recurring basis which effectively franchises or transfers the family day care services to the substitute.
 - (2) When the provider moves the family day care home to another facility, the old registration is no longer valid as issued. A new application to change the address shall be filed with the Department immediately. No fee is charged for this application, but a home visit is required to operate. The provider must notify the Department immediately to schedule a home visit.
 - (d) Factors in Determining the Registered Capacity
 - (1) The registered capacity of the facility shall be indicated by two (2) numbers on the registration certificate:
 - (A) Regular capacity defines the maximum number of infants, toddlers preschoolers, kindergarten and school age children that a provider may care for together at any time during the year, including the provider's own children not in school full time. School age children who are not the provider's own children and receive family day care services for three (3) or more hours before school or three (3) or more hours after school shall be counted in the regular capacity. The regular capacity of a family day care home shall not exceed six (6) children.
 - (B) School age capacity defines the maximum number of additional children attending school full time that a provider may care for together before and after school during the school year only, including the provider's own school age children. The school age capacity shall not apply during the summer school vacation; however, the provider's own school age children shall be permitted without counting them in the regular capacity. The school age capacity of a family day care home shall not exceed three (3) children.
 - (2) Children attending full day kindergarten shall be counted in the school age capacity; children attending half day kindergarten shall be counted as preschoolers in the regular capacity until graduation from kindergarten.
 - (3) Staff members' children present at the facility shall be counted in the capacity like the other children receiving care.
 - (4) Foster children and children who reside at the facility shall be counted as household members in the same manner as the provider's own children.
 - (5) The provider's own children twelve (12) years of age and older shall not count in the capacity.
 - (6) The registered capacity shall be determined at the Commissioner's discretion taking into account the indoor and outdoor space and other accommodations

19a-87b-6. Qualifications of the applicant and provider

available for child care at the facility and the qualifications of the applicant or provider.

- (e) Infant and Toddler Restriction. The provider shall care for no more than two (2) children under the age of two (2) years at one time, including his/her own children, except that the provider may care for up to six (6) children under the age of two (2) years when an assistant is present.
- (f) Variance of Requirements. A family day care home and provider shall comply with all family day care regulations unless a variance for specific requirement(s) has been granted through a prior written agreement with the Commissioner. This agreement shall specify the particular requirement(s) affected, the duration of the variance, and the terms under which the variance is granted. Variance of specific requirements shall be granted only when the home and provider have documented that the intent of the specific requirement(s) affected will be satisfactorily achieved in a manner other than that prescribed by the requirement(s). A variance shall not be given to allow a provider to care for more children than indicated by the registered capacity. When the home or provider fail to comply with the variance agreement in any particular, the agreement shall be subject to immediate cancellation.
- (g) Registration Certificate. Upon approval of the initial application and or renewal application, and payment of the fee, a registration certificate shall be signed by the Commissioner and issued to the provider. The registration certificate shall identify the provider's name, the address of the facility, the registered capacity of the family day care home, the registration number and the expiration date.
 - (1) The registration certificate remains the property of the Department and shall be surrendered to the Commissioner if the registration is suspended, revoked, or voluntarily terminated.
 - (2) The registration certificate shall be displayed conspicuously in a location visible to the Department Staff and to parents whose children are in care or who are considering placing their children in the provider's care.
 - (3) The registration number shall be used in any advertisement of services.
- (h) Parental Access to the Department When a child is enrolled, the provider shall furnish the parent(s) with the telephone number of the local office of the Department. The provider shall explain that any person with good cause and in good faith may file a complaint about a registered or unregistered provider with the Department.
- (i) Consent to Home Visits. The provider and substitute shall consent in writing and agree to allow Department staff to inspect the facility and have access to day care records for the performance of home visits during customary business hours.
- (j) Notification of Change. The applicant or provider shall notify the Commissioner in writing within five (5) working days of any change in circumstances which alters or affects the day care service as registered or as stated in the application. Changes of circumstances which shall be reported include, but are not limited to, the following: change of address, renovation of facility, the addition of household members, or changes in the health status of the provider, staff, or household members that may affect the provision of family day care services.

(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-6. Qualifications of the applicant and provider

- (a) Awareness of Regulations. The applicant and provider shall have a copy of the regulations at the facility and shall have read and understood the family day care standards set forth in these regulations.
- (b) Health. The applicant and provider shall be physically, emotionally and mentally able to handle child care responsibilities and emergencies and shall be free from any mental, emotional or physical health problems which might impair such ability or otherwise adversely affect the day care children. In order to enable the Commissioner to determine that the provider meets these requirements, the following shall be provided upon request:

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19a-87b-6. Qualifications of the applicant and provider

- (1) Medical Statements. The applicant shall furnish, at the time of initial application, a medical statement signed by a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse based on an examination conducted within the past twelve (12) months, documenting the presence of any known medical or emotional illness or disorder that would currently pose a risk to children in care or would currently interfere with effective functioning as a provider. Thereafter, the provider shall submit a medical statement, described above, every two (2) years and at any other time requested by the Commissioner.
 - (2) Tuberculosis. The applicant shall furnish a negative skin test for tuberculosis or, for a known reactor, evidence of no active tuberculosis on a chest x-ray, based on a test or x-ray given during the past twelve (12) months, and thereafter upon the request of the Commissioner.
 - (3) Medical Records. The applicant and provider shall supply to the Commissioner on request any medical records regarding his/her physical, emotional or mental health. The applicant and provider shall execute a release authorizing access to his/her medical records upon request of the Commissioner when the Commissioner deems the applicant or provider's medical history may reveal a risk to children in care.
 - (4) Medications At the Commissioner's request the applicant and provider shall furnish information and/or shall supply or authorize the release of medical records regarding any ongoing medications being used by the applicant or provider.
- (c) Training Requirements
- (1) Any application for registration submitted to the Department on or after January 1, 1994 shall, before final approval of the application is given, include a copy of a valid certificate from an approved course in basic first aid appropriate for child care providers.
 - (2) Providers registered prior to January 1, 1994 shall furnish to the Department a copy of a valid certificate documenting successful completion of such training by September 1, 1994.
 - (3) Thereafter, as part of the renewal application, the provider shall furnish a copy of a valid certificate of such training to the Department as necessary to verify continuous certification.
 - (4) The Department shall approve a course in basic first aid if it meets the standards set for Group Homes and Day Care Centers as specified in the Child Day Care Unit Policy Manual of the Department of Health Services.
- (d) References. The applicant shall submit at least three (3) reliable and satisfactory references from individuals who have known the applicant for at least three (3) years. The references shall indicate the applicant's interest in, and affection for children, their understanding of children's developmental needs, good judgment about supervision and safety for children, personal competence, emotional stability and dependability. Only one reference may be from a person related to the applicant by blood or marriage. The Commissioner may request additional references as needed to verify continuing compliance with the regulations during the registration period.
- (e) Personal Qualities. The applicant and provider shall have the personal qualities appropriate for working and communicating with children and their families. The Commissioner will review all application materials, personal references, medical records, criminal records and Department of Children and Families records submitted on an applicant and provider to determine if he/she has an interest in and liking for children, understanding of children and their developmental needs, good judgment about supervision and safety for children, personal competence, emotional stability and dependability. Suitability shall also be determined from a review of any complaint investigation and any law enforcement or protective services records.
- (f) Criminal Record Check. National, state and local police records shall be checked by the department. The applicant, provider, or any person working in the family day care home

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19a-87b-7. Members of the household

shall not have a criminal record that the Commissioner reasonably believes renders such applicant, provider, assistant or substitute unsuitable to own, conduct, operate, or maintain or be employed by a family day care home.

- (g) Protective Services Check
- (1) The applicant and provider shall be checked with the Department of Children and Families to determine whether:
 - (A) There is a Department of Children and Families record of child abuse, neglect or risk thereof, or whether there is an ongoing investigation for such offenses.
 - (B) A child has been removed from care or custody for reasons of abuse, neglect or risk thereof.
 - (2) A finding that there is a Department of Children and Families record or an on-going Department of Children and Families investigation or that a child has been removed from care or custody, as set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection (h), shall provide a sufficient basis for the Commissioner to take immediate action against the registration. The Commissioner may deny a day care application, summarily suspend and/or propose to revoke a registration, or immediately revoke permission for a family day care home staff member to provide care under this section, depending on the particular circumstances of a given case.
 - (3) In keeping with the confidentiality provisions of Section 17a-101 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Department will hold confidential information obtained under this section.
- (h) Offenses or Information from Other Jurisdictions. The Commissioner may request that a screening for child abuse, neglect, or criminal conviction records be done in another state as necessary to ensure the applicant or provider's background does not present a risk to children. If the Commissioner obtains information of conduct in another jurisdiction by an applicant or provider that would have resulted in a denial of a family day care home registration to such an applicant or provider if such conviction or conduct had occurred in this state, it may be grounds for denial or suspension or revocation of such a registration. (Effective September 1, 1993; Amended August 8, 1995; Renumbered January 29, 1996; Amended June 4, 1999.)

19a-87b-7. Members of the household

- (a) Health. The members of the household shall be free from any mental, emotional or physical health problems which might adversely affect the day care children. The following documentation shall be part of the initial application process and updated as deemed necessary by the Commissioner:
- (1) Medical statements and children's immunization records. A medical statement signed by a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse, based on an examination conducted within the past twelve (12) months. The statement shall document, for each household member, the presence of any known medical or emotional illness or disorder that would currently pose a risk to children in care or would currently interfere with, or otherwise put in jeopardy, the provider's ability to render proper care to the day care children in the day care facility. All adult members of the household shall furnish a negative skin test for tuberculosis or, for a known reactor, no evidence of active tuberculosis on a chest x-ray, based on a test or x-ray given during the past twelve (12) months, and thereafter upon request of the Commissioner. The provider shall maintain forms for each child in the household including the provider's own children present at the facility as specified in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (b) of section 19a-87b-10. The forms shall also state that the child is current with all required immunizations and shall indicate the date for the next scheduled immunization.
 - (2) Medical and medication records. A medical history and medication records for each member of the household, if requested by the Commissioner, or

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19a-87b-8. Qualifications of staff

authorizations from such members allowing the release of these records, when the Commissioner deems the household member's medical history may reveal a risk to children in care.

- (b) Criminal record check. The members of the household in a family day care home shall not have been convicted of any offenses which the Commissioner reasonably believes renders such household unsuitable for the provision of family day care services, including but not limited to:
- (1) Cruelty to persons under Section 53-20 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
 - (2) Injury or risk of injury to or impairing morals of children under Section 53-21.
 - (3) Abandonment of children under the age of six (6) years under Section 53-23.
 - (4) Sexual assault in the fourth degree under Section 53a-73a, as same may be amended.
 - (5) Illegal manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing or administration of controlled substances under Section 21a-277, 21a-278 or 21a-278a.
 - (6) Illegal possession under Section 21a-279, as same may be amended.
- (c) Protective Services Check. All members of the household shall meet the same standards as required for the provider by Section 19a-87b-6(h).
- (d) Offenses or Information from other Jurisdictions. All members of the household shall meet the same standards as required for the provider by Section 19a-87b-6(i).
- (e) Household Environment. The environment in the household shall foster the health, growth and development of children. Evidence of violent or threatening behavior by household members will be reviewed by the Commissioner for its impact on the health and safety of the day care children and may be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of the registration.
(Effective September 1, 1993; Amended August 8, 1995; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-8. Qualifications of staff

The provider may have substitutes and assistants in the facility only after the intended staff member has submitted a staff approval application to the Department and it has been approved in writing by the Commissioner.

- (a) Substitute. Any person twenty (20) years of age or older who meets all of the requirements set forth in Section 19a-87b-6, "Qualifications of the Applicant and Provider", may apply to be a substitute for a family day care provider. A registered provider may substitute for another provider without filing a separate staff approval application.
- (b) Assistant. Any adult who meets the requirements set forth in Section 19a-87b-6, "Qualifications of the Applicant and Provider," except for subsection (a) pertaining to age and (d) pertaining to training, may apply to be an assistant in a family day care home. An assistant is required to be present when more than two (2) children under (2) years of age receive family day care services at the same time at the facility.
- (c) Emergency Caregiver. Each provider shall identify to the Department at least one emergency caregiver who shall be available and on call during customary business hours to provide child care only for unscheduled, unforeseen emergencies.
- (1) The emergency caregiver shall be a responsible person who is twenty (20) years of age or older and known to the provider. The provider shall list at least one potential emergency provider with the Department, but may use others as necessary.
 - (2) The emergency caregiver shall be able to arrive at the facility within ten (10) minutes of being summoned by the provider.
 - (3) The Commissioner may disallow any emergency caregiver who had a family day care home registration revoked or denied, or who has a substantiated child abuse/neglect or a criminal conviction record that the Commissioner deems would put children at risk.

19a-87b-9. Requirements for the physical environment

- (d) Knowledge of Regulations and Operative Procedures. All staff members shall have read and understood the regulations for family day care homes and shall be familiar with the operating procedures of the facility.
- (e) Staff Approval Process. Staff approvals for substitutes, assistants, and helpers shall be for a period of two (2) years from the date of the approved staff application. Approvals may be renewed by submitting to the Department a new staff renewal application and a new medical statement as described in Section 19a-87b-6 subsection (c) for substitutes and assistants, and in Section 19a-87b-10 subsection (2) for helpers. Emergency providers may remain on call as long as they continue to meet the requirements of that position. The Commissioner may at any time deny or revoke the approval of any staff member who fails to meet the requirements of the position.
(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-9. Requirements for the physical environment

- (a) Cleanliness. The facility and equipment shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition and shall not pose a health hazard to children. The Commissioner, upon inspection, may require the provider to correct any condition that may put children at risk of injury.
- (b) Freedom from Hazards. The facility and equipment shall be in good repair, and reasonably free from anything that would be dangerous to children. The Commissioner, upon inspection, may require the provider to correct any condition that may put children at risk of injury.
- (c) Absence of poisonous substances. Poisonous substances shall not be accessible to children enrolled in the facility. Poisonous and unidentified plants and plant parts shall be removed from the area, protected by barriers, or kept out of the reach of children.
- (d) Fire Safety. The provider shall ensure that the home and grounds provide a reasonable degree of safety from fire, which shall include, but not be limited to the following requirements:
 - (1) Safe Storage of Flammable Materials. Materials such as, but not limited to, flammable or combustible liquids, cleaning solvents, paints, excess amounts of combustible solids and fabrics shall be properly stored and out of reach of children.
 - (2) Safe Door Fasteners. Fasteners for doors to cupboards, closets and rooms shall be designed so that it is impossible for a child to become locked in the enclosed area. Every room used for child care or capable of access by children, when provided with a door latch or lock, shall be of a type that children can open from the inside and each lock shall be designed to permit opening of the locked door from the outside in an emergency. The opening device shall be readily accessible to the provider and staff.
 - (3) Electrical Safety. Electrical cords and appliances shall be in good repair. Special protective covers for all electrical receptacles shall be installed in all areas occupied by children.
 - (4) Safe Exits. There shall be two (2) readily accessible, passable, remotely located and safe means of escape from each room used for day care in the facility. Every room used by children for sleeping, living, or dining purposes shall have at least two (2) means of escape, at least one of which shall be a door or stairway providing a means of unobstructed travel to the outside of the building at street or ground level. The second means of escape shall be permitted to be a window that is accessible and openable from the inside without the use of tools and provides a clear opening.
 - (A) The provider shall remain with the children at all times, when the children are being cared for in space below ground level, to assist with emergency exiting.
 - (B) Passageways leading to means of escape shall have adequate lighting and be kept free from barriers or obstructions.

19a-87b-9. Requirements for the physical environment

- (C) All means of escape shall be easily opened and kept free of obstructions at all times.
- (D) Every stairway shall have a sturdy handrail for children to use, shall provide safe passageway and be maintained free of obstructions. Sturdy child-safe gates shall be placed at the top and bottom of stairways to prevent falls.
- (E) During a home visit Department Staff may require the provider to demonstrate the safety and feasibility of children and child care staff using intended escape routes.
- (5) **Evacuation Plan.** The provider shall establish a written plan for the protection of occupants in the event of fire or other emergency evacuation from the building. All child care staff shall be periodically instructed and kept informed of their duties under the plan and shall practice at least quarterly an emergency evacuation drill.
- (6) **Smoke Detectors.** The provider shall have smoke detectors, in operating condition, placed in the home so as to protect day care children's sleeping areas, play areas and the basement. There shall be at least one smoke detector on each level of the facility.
- (7) **Fire Extinguisher.**
 - (A) The provider shall have easily accessible to the area of child care at least one five (5) pound ABC multi-purpose fire extinguisher in operating condition and shall have knowledge of its use.
 - (B) Each fire extinguisher shall be installed using the hanger or brackets supplied, at a height not to exceed five (5) feet above the floor. Extinguishers shall not be obstructed or obscured from view.
- (8) **Safe Heating Systems and Devices**
 - (A) The provider shall show documentation that any new heating system or auxiliary heater installed after original construction of the facility has been inspected and approved for proper and safe installation by an authorized licensed professional and, where applicable the local building official. All devices shall be safely located, shall be properly cleaned and maintained with a barrier where necessary for the protection of day care children.
 - (B) There shall be no kerosene heaters or unsafe space heaters used during the hours of day care.
- (e) **Safe Storage of Guns, Ammunition and other Weapons.** The provider shall protect children from guns, ammunition and weapons stored at the facility.
 - (1) All guns shall be stored unloaded.
 - (2) Ammunition shall be stored in a separate location away from the guns and inaccessible to children.
 - (3) All guns and weapons shall be kept locked or stored in a locked storage area. Locks shall be openable with a key or combination only.
- (f) **Safe Space.**
 - (1) There shall be sufficient indoor and outdoor play space to ensure appropriate activities, safety and comfort for the day care children. The indoor and outdoor play space shall be neither isolated nor remote from the primary care areas. The outdoor play area shall be protected from traffic, bodies of water, gullies, and other hazards by barriers, in a manner safe for children.
 - (2) When there is a swimming pool or any other body of water at the facility or near enough to the facility to attract or be accessible to children at any time of the year, there shall be a sturdy fence/barrier, four (4) feet high or higher, with locked entrances, which totally and effectively bars access to the water by the day care children. Shallow wading pools that are not fenced shall be emptied after each use and shall not collect water.

19a-87b-10. Responsibilities of the provider and substitute

- (g) Proper Ventilation, Light and Temperature. The ventilation, light and temperature of the facility shall ensure the health and comfort of the day care children. The room temperature where children are present at the facility shall not be lower than 68 degrees Fahrenheit.
 - (h) Adequate Washing, Toileting, Sewage and Garbage Facilities. The bathroom washing and toileting facilities shall be adequate to ensure the health, safety and comfort of the day care children. Sewage and garbage disposal systems shall ensure a sanitary environment. Garbage and trash shall be disposed of properly and kept covered.
 - (i) Adequate and Safe Water. If the facility is not served by a public water supply, the provider shall show proof from analysis by a state certified laboratory dated no more than one year prior to the application date at initial registration and as often as the Department deems necessary, that its water supply is potable, adequate, and safe. The water test shall include, but not be limited to tests for bacteria, physical parameters (color, odor, turbidity, pH), and sanitary chemicals (nitrogen series, chloride, surfactants, hardness, iron, manganese and sodium). Additional tests may be required as deemed necessary by the Commissioner.
 - (j) Pasteurization or Licensed Milk Supply. If milk or milk products provided by the family day care home provider for consumption by the children in care are not pasteurized, the provider shall submit to the Department proof that the milk products are licensed by the Department of Agriculture.
 - (k) Working Telephone. The provider shall have a working telephone at the facility, with emergency numbers (fire, ambulance, police or 911, parents, emergency caregivers, and poison control) posted nearby in an easily visible location.
 - (l) Safe Transportation. The provider shall utilize safe transportation for children when transportation is required for an emergency or a day care activity. This shall include, but not be limited to, the use of child auto safety restraints according to Section 14-100a(c) of the Connecticut General Statutes. Any vehicles used to transport day care children shall be properly registered and insured.
 - (m) First Aid Supplies. The provider shall have easily available, but out of reach of young children, adequate first aid supplies and current information about medical emergencies and appropriate first aid procedures.
 - (n) Protection from Pets. The provider shall be responsible for protecting the health and safety of the children from household pets and other animals at the facility. A current rabies vaccination certificate shall be kept on file at the facility for each dog and cat over fourteen (14) weeks of age. The provider shall be responsible for maintaining household pets in accordance with all applicable local and state laws and to have such documentation on file. The Commissioner has the discretion to deny, suspend or revoke a registration if he deems that the type, number or condition of the pets at the facility presents a health or safety hazard to children.
 - (o) Smoking. The provider shall protect children from hazards associated with tobacco use in the facility.
 - (1) If the provider, household members, or staff members smoke cigarettes, cigars, or pipes, the provider shall make this known in advance to parents who are considering placing their children in the provider's care.
 - (2) The provider or staff members may not smoke while engaged in caregiving activities requiring direct physical contact with children, including, but not limited to feeding, diapering, dressing and rocking.
 - (3) The provider shall ensure that all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, ashes, butts, lighters and matches are kept out of the reach of children.
- (Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-10. Responsibilities of the provider and substitute

- (a) Registered Capacity and Maintaining Compliance with the Regulations. The provider shall maintain the family day care home within the registered capacity, and in compliance with the regulations for family day care.

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19a-87b-10. Responsibilities of the provider and substitute

- (b) Maintaining records on children. The provider shall maintain the following records for each child enrolled in day care, or who has been in day care at the facility, and shall keep them current and available in the facility. Forms may be obtained from the Department.
- (1) Enrollment Form. The provider shall have on file an enrollment form including the schedule of days and hours of care, the parent's name, address, telephone numbers and the child's date of birth and date of enrollment at the facility. This form shall be kept for one year after a child ceases to be cared for in the facility.
 - (2) General health record.
 - (A) The provider shall have a complete and current general health record on file when the child begins attending the family day care home, signed and dated by a physician, physician assistant or advanced practice registered nurse, based on an examination within the past year for preschoolers or within the period allowed by schools for older children. A complete and current general health record shall include but not be limited to, the following information pertaining to the child:
 - (i) A statement about the child's general health and the presence of any known medical or emotional illness or disorder that would currently pose a risk to other children in care or which would currently affect the child's functional ability to participate safely in a day care setting.
 - (ii) Allergies.
 - (iii) Disabilities.
 - (iv) Ongoing medications.
 - (v) An immunization record that includes the month, day, and year of each immunization required for admission as specified in subdivision (1) of subsection (k) of this section, and such documentation as is required to confirm age appropriate immunization, immunization in progress or exemption to immunization as defined in subdivision (3) of subsection (k) of this section. The immunization record and said documentation of immunizations shall be submitted to the department upon request.
 - (B) Medical records for infants/toddlers and preschoolers shall be updated at least annually, and for school age children according to the schedule required by the public school system.
 - (C) These records shall be returned to the parent when the child is withdrawn from the family day care home.
 - (D) The physical examination requirements of this subdivision shall be waived when such examination is contrary to the religious beliefs and practices of the child or the parents of such child. A statement requesting such waiver shall be submitted and shall be maintained in the child's general health record. Such statement shall be signed by the parent and shall include affirmation of church membership by an appropriate church authority. The parent shall certify that he or she accepts complete responsibility for the health of the child and that, to the best of the parent's knowledge, the child is in good health.
 - (3) Written Permission from the Parent. The provider shall have on file and shall keep updated the parent's written permission and instructions specifying, but not limited to, the following:
 - (A) Any persons permitted to remove the child from the day care home on behalf of the parent.
 - (B) Emergency health care for the child, including information about the child's dentist, physician or other primary health care provider, and adults to be contacted if the parent cannot be reached.

19a-87b-10. Responsibilities of the provider and substitute

- (C) Transportation for children leaving the home as part of the day care program.
- (D) The conditions under which the parent will allow swimming when recreational swimming is part of the family day care program.
- (4) Incident Log. The provider shall have on file an incident log for each enrolled child to record accidents, illnesses, unusual behaviors that occur at the facility and observations of the child made by the provider.
- (5) Confidentiality of Records. The provider and day care staff shall not release any records pertaining to the child or family except in emergencies, or upon request of the Department, police, or Department of Children and Families, unless the parent of the child gives the provider and staff written permission to release this information.
- (c) Meeting Children's Physical Needs. The provider is responsible for seeing that the day care children's physical needs are adequately met while in the facility including the following:
 - (1) Sufficient Play Equipment. There shall be a sufficient quantity and variety of indoor and outdoor equipment which is appropriate to the needs of the children, their developmental levels and interests. There shall be equipment which encourages large and fine muscle activity, solitary and group play and quiet play.
 - (2) Good Nutrition. The family day care program shall include adequate and nutritious meals and snacks, prepared and stored in a safe and sanitary manner including proper refrigeration for perishable foods. Readily available drinking water shall be accessible to children at all times.
 - (3) Flexible and Balanced Schedule. The schedule shall remain flexible, with time for free choice play, snacks, meals and a rest period.
 - (4) Proper Rest. There shall be a bed, cot, mat or other provision for each child for napping or resting which is comfortable, clean, safe, and allows for minimal disturbance for each day care child. Day care children shall not be napped directly on carpeting or flooring.
 - (5) Personal Articles. For each day care child, there shall be an individual blanket, towel and toilet articles appropriate to the needs of the child.
- (d) Individual Plan for Care. The provider shall establish a planned program of developmentally appropriate activities at the facility, which promotes the social, intellectual, emotional and physical development of each child.
 - (1) The provider shall have an understanding and respect for the needs of children and their families who are bilingual and/or whose culture may differ from their own.
 - (2) The provider shall have an understanding of the special needs of children with disabilities receiving family day care services.
 - (3) An appropriate plan for each child's care shall be developed with the child's parent(s) at intake and updated as necessary to meet the child's changing needs.
- (e) Planning for the Special Needs of Infants. The provider shall allow infants to crawl or toddle, shall hold them for bottle feedings and at other times during the child care period, and shall give them individual attention, and verbal communication.
- (f) Diaper Changing. The provider shall change an infant's diapers frequently for the child's comfort, shall cleanse and disinfect the surface of the changing area after changing each diaper, shall dispose of waste material in a sanitary manner out of reach of the children, and shall wash his/her own hands with soap and hot water after changing and disposing of each diaper.
- (g) Giving Parents Information and Access. The provider shall furnish each child's parent(s) with the following:
 - (1) Opportunities to observe the day care home in operation prior to enrollment, as well as following enrollment.
 - (2) Immediate access to their child while the child is at the facility.

19a-87b-10. Responsibilities of the provider and substitute

- (3) Opportunities prior to enrollment as well as following enrollment to discuss the child's needs and the family day care program and policies, including the type of records the provider is required to keep and registered capacity.
 - (4) Daily information about the child.
 - (5) Immediate information about any accident involving the child, or any illness or injury to the child which occurred at, or was detected in, the day care home.
 - (6) Information about the names of substitutes, assistants, helpers, emergency providers and household members who have contact with the day care children.
 - (7) Information about the presence of enrolled children, or children of the provider, who are not properly immunized and any contagious illness affecting children, staff or household members at the facility, that could pose a health hazard to day care children.
 - (8) The provider shall allow the parents of all children receiving family day care services or wishing to place a child in the facility to see the provider's copy of the last interview/home visit report completed by Department Staff upon request.
- (h) Supervision. The provider shall be responsible for the supervision of the children at all times while the children are at the facility, indoors or outdoors or on excursions. Supervision means guidance of the children's behavior and activities to insure their health, safety, and well being. It is done by a provider who is within effective sight or sound of the children.
- (1) Personal Schedule. The provider's personal schedule shall ensure that the provider has sufficient rest for alert and competent attention to the children at the facility.
 - (2) Full Attention. The provider shall not engage in any activity while on duty during customary business hours that distracts his/her attention from providing family day care services. Such activities shall include but not be limited to other employment, volunteer services, recreation, hobbies, or frequent or prolonged socialization with adults.
 - (3) Immediate Attention. The provider shall give an injured, ill, or distressed child immediate appropriate attention.
 - (4) Substitute Care. The provider shall not leave the presence of the day care children unless and until the substitute or emergency provider has assumed the provider's responsibilities and is actually present with the day care children.
- (i) Appropriate Discipline Practices. The provider is responsible for the behavior management methods used in the family day care home and shall communicate them to staff members.
- (1) The provider shall use only developmentally appropriate behavior management methods such as positive guidance, redirection, and setting clear limits that encourage children to develop self-control, self-discipline, and positive self-esteem, while also protecting them from harm to themselves or others.
 - (2) The provider shall discuss behavior management methods used in the facility with the child's parents prior to enrollment and regularly during the period a child remains enrolled.
- (j) Child Protection.
- (1) The provider shall not engage in, nor allow, abusive, neglectful, physical, corporal, humiliating or frightening treatment or punishment, and shall not tie nor bind children and shall not restrain children except in appropriate circumstances for the protection and safety of the children or others. The provider shall not engage in nor allow anyone else to engage in any sexual activity with the day care children.
 - (2) The provider or substitute shall notify the Department within twenty-four (24) hours of:
 - (A) The death of any child enrolled in the family day care home, if the child died while at the facility or if the child died of a contagious disease.

19a-87b-10. Responsibilities of the provider and substitute

- (B) Any injury to a child that occurs while the child is at the facility which results in the child being admitted to a hospital or the child's death.
- (3) The provider shall report actual or suspected child abuse or neglect of any child to the nearest office of the Department of Children and Families as mandated by Section 17a-101 and 17a-102 of the Connecticut General Statutes. An oral report shall be made immediately by telephone or otherwise to the State Commissioner of the Department of Children and Families or his representative, or the local police department, or the state police, to be followed by a written report as required by law.
- (k) Immunization requirements
 - (1) A child seeking admission to or attending a family day care home shall be protected as age-appropriate by adequate immunization against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles, mumps, rubella, hemophilus influenzae type b, hepatitis b if such child was born after December 31, 1993, and varicella if such child was born after December 31, 1996, and against any other disease for which vaccination is recommended in the current schedule for active immunization adopted by the Commissioner in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes Section 19a-7f.
 - (2) The provider shall admit no child to a family day care home unless such child's parent furnishes documentation of age-appropriate immunization, immunization-in-progress or exemption to immunization as specified in subdivision (3) of this subsection.
 - (3) For each enrolled child, the provider shall obtain from the child's parent and keep on file at the family day care home one or more of the following types of documentation for each of the diseases listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection:
 - (A) a statement signed and dated by a physician, physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse indicating that the child is current or in progress with immunizations according to the schedule adopted by the Commissioner in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes Section 19a-7f and that names the appointment date for the child's next immunization;
 - (B) a statement signed and dated by a physician, physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse indicating that the child has an appointment that will keep the immunizations current or in progress as required by said schedule and that names the date for the child's next immunization;
 - (C) a statement signed and dated by a physician, physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse indicating that the child has laboratory confirmed proof of immunity to natural infection, or, in the case of varicella, a statement signed and dated by a physician, physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse indicating that the child has already had chickenpox based on family and/or medical history;
 - (D) a statement signed and dated by a physician, physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse indicating that the child has a medical contraindication to immunization;
 - (E) a written statement that immunization is contrary to the religious beliefs and practices of the child or the parent of such child. Such statement shall be signed by the child's parent.
 - (4) For each child to whom subparagraph (B) of subdivision (3) of this section applies, continued enrollment in day care for more than thirty days after the named immunization appointment shall be contingent on the provider receiving written documentation from a physician, physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse stating either: that the named appointment was kept and the child received the scheduled immunizations, or that the child was unable

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to receive the scheduled immunizations for medical reasons and a new appointment date is named.

(Effective September 1, 1993; Amended August 8, 1995; Renumbered January 29, 1996; Amended August 29, 1996; Amended December 28, 1999.)

19a-87b-11. Sick child care

(a) A family day care provider may choose to continue caring for a mildly ill child under the following circumstances:

- (1) The child does not have a fever exceeding 101 degrees F, more than one undiagnosed episode of diarrhea or vomiting, or an undiagnosed skin rash.
- (2) The child attends the facility on a regular basis. No child shall be accepted for sick child care on a drop in basis.
- (3) Universal precautions and sanitary practices are used to prevent the spread of infection.

(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-12. Night care

(a) The provider is responsible for meeting the following additional conditions if care extends into the child's normal sleeping hours:

- (1) **A Separate Bed.** A separate bed, appropriate to the child's age, with individual, clean bedding, shall be provided.
- (2) **Proper Location of the Bed.** The bed shall be located in a quiet part of the facility, and for a child six (6) years of age or older, shall not be in a room shared with another child of the opposite sex nor with any adult. For a child younger than three (3) years of age, the bed shall be on the same floor as the provider or a responsible adult.
- (3) **Appropriate, Comfortable Sleepwear** In preparation for sleep, the child shall be dressed in appropriate, comfortable sleep wear as agreed to by the parent of the child.

(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-13. Department access, inspection and investigation during home visits

- (a) **Access.** The provider or substitute shall allow Department staff access to the facility named on the registration, whenever Department staff seeks to perform home visits. The provider may request to see a picture identification card identifying the Department staff member. If a provider does not consent to departmental access for the performance of a home visit, Department staff will not enter the residence. However, failure of the provider to allow access to the facility for a home visit is deemed substantial noncompliance with this regulation and is an automatic ground for the Commissioner to initiate registration suspension or revocation proceedings.
- (b) **Inspection of Facility.** The provider or substitute shall allow Department staff to inspect, upon request, any part of the family day care facility during the performance of a home visit. If a provider does not consent to departmental inspection of a part of the day care facility, Department staff will not inspect that part of the facility. However, failure of the provider to allow a complete inspection may be grounds for the initiation of registration suspension or revocation proceedings. A copy of the interview/home visit report form completed during the home visit shall be left with the provider.
- (c) **Inspection of Records; Right to Contact Parents.** The provider or substitute shall allow Department staff to inspect, upon request, any records required to be maintained under Section 17-585-10 of these regulations, including enrollment records with information on the parents' names, addresses and telephone numbers. The Commissioner shall have the right at any time to contact and/or interview parents of any child who is receiving, or who has received, family day care services from the facility. With parental permission, the

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- Commissioner may also talk to day care children who are receiving such services or who have received said services concerning the operation of the family day care home.
- (d) **Announced Home Visits.** The Commissioner shall make announced home visits to inspect the facility at the time of initial application by a prospective provider or when there is a change of circumstances affecting the provider's registration such as a move to a new address where day care services are to be provided.
 - (e) **Spot Inspections.** The Commissioner shall make unannounced home visits, during customary business hours, to at least thirty-three and one-third (33.3%) percent of the registered family day care homes each year.
 - (f) **Complaint Home Visits.** The Commissioner shall make unannounced home visits to the family day care homes of registered or unregistered providers against whom complaints are lodged.
- (Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-14. Complaint investigations

- (a) **Anonymity of Complainant.** Any individual making a complaint against a day care applicant or provider may do so anonymously. If a complainant reveals his/her identity and requests confidentiality, the Department will not disclose the complainant's identity unless mandated by state or federal law.
 - (b) **Confidentiality of Child Abuse and/or Neglect Investigations.** For complaints that allege or that may constitute allegations of child abuse or neglect, detailed information, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, shall be confidential. Information that can be disclosed would include the number, types and dates of the Department's contact with the provider about the complaint issues, the general status of a current investigation about the complaint or the Department's findings if the investigation has been completed.
 - (c) **Duty to Investigate.** The Department shall investigate each complaint that it receives concerning a registered or unregistered family day care home provider who is allegedly out of compliance with the requirements set forth in these regulations and any applicable provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes.
 - (d) **Unannounced Home Visit; Notice and Interview.** The investigation of a complaint may involve an unannounced home visit to the facility of the provider against whom the complaint was made. Department staff shall inform the provider that the home visit is being conducted pursuant to a complaint, and shall describe the nature of the complaint and alleged violations. The provider shall consent to an interview regarding the complaint, and shall discuss the subject matter of the complaint, so that the Department can assess its validity.
 - (e) **Interviews.** The investigation may include contacts and interviews with persons who have knowledge or information concerning the family day care home or provision of care including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) parents and relatives of children receiving care;
 - (2) children receiving care with parental permission;
 - (3) social workers from the Department of Children and Families;
 - (4) persons mentioned in the complaint;
 - (5) fire inspectors, sanitarians or public health officials;
 - (6) law enforcement personnel;
 - (7) the registered provider and/or current or past substitutes and assistants; and
 - (8) other individuals who may have information which may assist in the investigation of a complaint.
 - (f) **Complaints Referred to Department of Children and Families.** Complaints that allege and/or complaints that the Department determines may constitute child abuse or neglect shall be immediately reported to the Department of Children and Families.
- (Effective September 1, 1993; Amended August 8, 1995; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-15. Agency action and appeal rights**19a-87b-15. Agency action and appeal rights**

- (a) In accordance with the procedures set forth in sections 19a-79(b) and 19a-87e of the Connecticut General Statutes, if the department finds that the provider in the family day care home has failed to substantially comply with sections 19a-87b-1 through 19a-87b-18 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies or conducts, operates or maintains a family day care home in a manner which endangers the health, safety and welfare of the children receiving family day care services, the department may, following a contested case hearing only, take any of the following actions singly or in combination against the license of the provider:
- (1) Revocation of the license;
 - (2) Suspension of the license for a specific time period, or until regulatory compliance is secured, or conditions deemed necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the children cared for in the family day care home are met;
 - (3) The imposition of a civil penalty of up to one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per day of violation of sections 19a-87b-1 to 19a-87b-18, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies; or
 - (4) Place the license on probationary status and impose such conditions or corrective measures which the department deems necessary to assure the health, safety and welfare of the children cared for in the family day care home, including but not limited to:
 - (A) Reporting regularly to the department upon the matters which are the basis of probation;
 - (B) Placement of restrictions upon the operation of the family day care home deemed necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the children cared for in the family day care home; and
 - (C) Continue or renew professional education until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas which are the basis for the probation.
- (b) Denial of applications and renewals
A license may be denied or its renewal refused whenever the Commissioner is satisfied that the family day care provider fails to substantially comply with the regulations prescribed by the Commissioner or conducts, operates or maintains a family day care home in a manner which endangers the health, safety and welfare of the children receiving family day care services.
- (c) Summary Suspension of a License
Summary suspension of a family day care home license, pending proceedings for revocation or other action, including the completion of a Department of Children and Families investigation, may be ordered pursuant to subsection (c) of section 4-182 of the Connecticut General Statutes, whenever the Commissioner finds that the health, safety, or welfare of day care children requires emergency action and incorporates a finding to that effect in his order.
- (d) Request for a Hearing
The provider may, within thirty (30) days after receipt of notification of an intended licensure action by the commissioner, send a written request to the Commissioner asking for a hearing. The Department's hearing procedures are governed by applicable provisions of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act and the Department's Rules of Practice. In the absence of a timely request for a hearing one or more licensure actions shall be imposed.
- (e) Parental Notification
In all cases where a summary suspension order has been issued in conjunction with a notice of proposed agency action, the provider shall so notify the parents of all children who would be expected to use the day care facility during the period of suspension. Such notification shall also be required when so ordered by the Commissioner in any notice of proposed agency action, which does not contain a summary suspension order. The notification described in this section shall be given within 24 hours of receipt by the

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- provider of the notice of proposed agency action. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Department from directly notifying parents of day care children.
- (f) **Operating a Family Day Care Home Without a License; Civil Penalty**
Any person or officer of an association, organization or corporation who shall establish, conduct, maintain or operate a family day care home without a current and valid license or in violation of these regulations is subject to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100) a day for each day that such facility is operated without a license or in violation of these regulations pursuant to sections 19a-79(b) and 19a-87c of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (g) **Operating a Family Day Care Home Without a License; Court Action by Attorney General**
When evidence indicates that the provider is operating a family day care home without a valid license or in violation of the adopted regulations, the Commissioner may request the Attorney General to bring an action in the Superior Court for the judicial district in which the facility is located, to enjoin the provider from maintaining the family day care home without a license or in violation of the regulations pursuant to Section 19a-87d of the Connecticut General Statutes.
(Effective May 21, 1993; Amended effective August 8, 1995; Renumbered, formerly 17-585-15, effective January 29, 1996; Amended effective March 29, 2001.)

19a-87b-16. Public access to information

- (a) **Routine Requests.** Any person may request and receive the following information about a family day care home from the Department on a routine basis:
- (1) Registration status, which indicates whether the facility is unregistered, registered, applying for registration, or is no longer registered due to suspension, revocation or voluntary withdrawal;
 - (2) registration number,
 - (3) capacity of the facility;
 - (4) expiration date of the registration;
 - (5) listing of substantiated complaints against a provider during the past year, excluding complaints for child abuse and neglect;
 - (6) the date of the last home visit made by the Commissioner;
 - (7) the status of any existing corrective action plan required to bring the provider into compliance with regulations;
 - (8) any variances that have been granted by the Commissioner.
- (b) **Freedom of Information Requests.** Any person requiring more detailed case specific information about a family day care home may file a written request with the Department in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act. A per page charge will be assessed for any information released, according to Departmental policies. A record of all freedom of information requests shall be kept by the Department. Providers shall be notified of all freedom of information requests concerning their case file, specifically the name of the person requesting the information, the date of the request and the information released.
(Effective September 1, 1993; Renumbered January 29, 1996.)

19a-87b-17. Administration of medications

Family day care home providers are not required by this section to administer medications to children. If the provider accepts responsibility for the administration of medications of any kind, the provider shall comply with all requirements of this section and shall have a written policy and procedures at the facility governing the administration of medications which shall include, but not be limited to, the types of medication that shall be administered, parental responsibilities, staff responsibilities, proper storage of medication and record keeping. Said policies and procedures shall be available for review by the Commissioner during site inspections or upon demand and shall reflect best practice.

- (a) **Administration of Nonprescription Topical Medications Only**

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- (1) Description. For the purposes of this section nonprescription topical medications shall include:
 - (A) Diaper changing ointments free of antibiotic, antifungal, or steroidal components;
 - (B) Medicated powders; and
 - (C) Teething medications.
- (2) Nonprescription Topical Medications Administration/Parent Permission Records. The written permission of the parent shall be required prior to the administration of the nonprescription topical medication and a medication administration record shall be written in ink and kept on file at the facility for each child administered a nonprescription topical medication. The medication administration record and parent permission shall become part of the child's health record when the course of medication has ended. The parent shall be notified of any medication administration errors immediately in writing and the error shall be documented in the record. The following information shall be included on a form as part of the medication administration record:
 - (A) The name, address, and date of birth of the child;
 - (B) The name of the medication;
 - (C) The schedule and site of administration of the medication;
 - (D) A statement indicating that the medication has been previously administered to the child without adverse effect;
 - (E) The signature in ink of the family day care home provider or substitute receiving the parent permission form and the medication;
 - (F) The name, address, telephone number, signature and relationship to the child of the parent(s) authorizing the administration of the medication;
 - (G) The date and time the medication is started and ended;
 - (H) Medication administration errors; and
 - (I) The name of the person who administered the nonprescription topical medication.
- (3) Nonprescription Topical Medication/Labeling and Storage:
 - (A) The medication shall be stored in the original container and shall contain the following information on the container or packaging indicating :
 - (i) the individual child's name;
 - (ii) the name of the medication; and
 - (iii) directions for the medication's administration.
 - (B) The medication shall be stored away from food and inaccessible to children.
 - (C) Any unused portion of the medication shall be returned to the parent.
- (b) Administration of medications other than nonprescription topical medications.
 - (1) Training Requirements
 - (A) Prior to the administration of any medication, the licensed provider and any substitute(s) who are responsible for administering the medications shall first be trained by a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or registered nurse in the methods of administration of medications and shall receive written approval from the trainer which indicates that the trainee has successfully completed a training program as required herein. A provider or substitute trained and approved to administer medication shall also be present whenever a child who has orders to receive medication is enrolled and present at the facility.
 - (B) The training in the administration of medications shall be documented and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (i) objectives;
 - (ii) a description of methods of administration including principles and techniques, application and installation of oral, topical, and

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- (iv) the name, address and telephone number of the provider or substitute who completed the training successfully; and
 - (v) the expiration date of the approval.
 - (C) The trainer shall provide the trainee with an outline of the curriculum content which verifies that all mandated requirements have been included in the training program. A copy of said outline shall be on file at the facility where the trainee is employed for department review. The department may require at any time that the provider obtain the full curriculum from the trainer for review by the department.
- (3) Order From An Authorized Prescriber/Parent's Permission
 - (A) Except for nonprescription topical medications described in Section 19a-87b-17(a)(1), no medication, prescription or nonprescription, shall be administered to a child without the written order of an authorized prescriber and the written permission of the child's parent which shall be on file at the facility. Such medications may include:
 - (i) oral medications;
 - (ii) topical medications;
 - (iii) inhalant medications; or
 - (iv) injectable medications, by a premeasured, commercially prepared syringe, to a child with a medically diagnosed condition who may require emergency treatment.
 - (B) The written order from an authorized prescriber shall be on one form which shall indicate that the medication is for a specific child and shall contain the following information:
 - (i) the name, address, and date of birth of the child;
 - (ii) the date the medication order was written;
 - (iii) the medication or drug name, dose and method of administration;
 - (iv) the time the medication is to be administered;
 - (v) the date(s) the medication is to be started and ended;
 - (vi) relevant side effects and the authorized prescriber's plan for management if they occur;
 - (vii) notation if the medication is a controlled drug;
 - (viii) a listing of any allergies, reactions to, or negative interactions with foods or drugs;
 - (ix) specific instructions from the authorized prescriber who orders the medication regarding how the medication is to be given;
 - (x) the name, address and telephone number of the authorized prescriber ordering the drug;
 - (xi) the authorized prescriber's signature; and
 - (xii) the name, address, telephone number, signature and relationship to the child of the parent(s) giving permission for the administration of the drug by the provider or substitute.
 - (C) If the authorized prescriber determines that the training of the provider or substitute is inadequate to safely administer medication to a particular child, or that the means of administration of medication is not permitted under these regulations, that authorized prescriber may order that such administration be performed by licensed medical personnel with the statutory authority to administer medications.
 - (D) The provider or substitute shall administer medication only in accordance with the written order of the authorized prescriber and shall not administer the first dose of any medication, except in an emergency. The parent shall be notified of any medication administration errors immediately in writing and the error shall be documented in the record.
 - (E) Investigational drugs shall not be administered.

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- (4) Required Records
 - (A) Except for nonprescription topical medications described in Section 19a-87b-17(a)(1), individual written medication administration records for each child shall be written in ink, reviewed prior to administering each dose of medication and kept on file at the facility. The medication administration record shall become part of the child's health record when the course of medication has ended.
 - (B) The individual written administration record for each child shall include:
 - (i) the name, address, and date of birth of the child;
 - (ii) the name of the medication or drug;
 - (iii) the dosage ordered and method of administration;
 - (iv) the pharmacy and prescription number if applicable;
 - (v) the name of the authorized prescriber ordering the drug;
 - (vi) the date, time, and dosage at each administration;
 - (vii) the signature in ink of the family day care provider or substitute giving the medication;
 - (viii) food and medication allergies;
 - (ix) level of cooperation from the child in accepting the medication;
 - (x) the date and time the medication is started and ended; and
 - (xi) medication administration errors.
- (5) Storage and Labeling
 - (A) Medication shall be stored in the original child-resistant safety container. The container or packaging shall have a label which includes the following information:
 - (i) the child's name;
 - (ii) the name of the medication;
 - (iii) directions for the medication's administration; and
 - (iv) the date of the prescription.
 - (B) Except for nonprescription topical medications described in Section 19a-87b-17(a)(1), medication shall be stored in a locked area or a locked container in a refrigerator in keeping with the label directions away from food and inaccessible to children. Keys to the locked area or container shall be accessible only to personnel authorized to administer medication. Controlled drugs shall be stored in accordance with Section 21a-262-10 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies.
 - (C) All unused medication shall be returned to the parent or destroyed if it is not picked up within one (1) week following the termination of the order, by flushing into sewerage or a septic system in the presence of at least one witness. The facility shall keep a written record of the medications destroyed which shall be signed by both parties.
- (6) Petition For Special Medication Authorization
 - (A) A provider may petition the department to administer medications to a child cared for at the family day care home by a modality which is not specifically permitted under these regulations by submitting a written application to the department including the following information:
 - (i) a written order from an authorized prescriber containing the information for the specific child set forth in subsection (b)(3)(B) and a statement that the administration by the requested modality is the only reasonable means of providing medication and that the administration must occur during hours of the child's attendance at the family day care home;
 - (ii) a written training plan including the full name, signature, title, license number, address and telephone number of the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant or registered nurse who shall provide the training, a

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the family day care home fails to substantially comply with the regulations in this section or fails to administer medications in compliance with policies or procedures adopted for the family day care home, or administers medications in a manner which endangers the health, welfare or safety of the children cared for in the family day care home, the department may take any of the following actions singly or in combination against the license of the provider:

- (A) Revocation of the license;
 - (B) Suspension of the license for a specific time period or until regulatory compliance is secured or conditions deemed necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the children cared for in the family day care home are met;
 - (C) The imposition of a civil penalty of up to one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per day of violation of these regulations; or
 - (D) Place the licensee on probationary status and impose such conditions or corrective measures which the department deems necessary to assure the health, safety and welfare of the children cared for in the family day care home including but not limited to:
 - (i) reporting regularly to the department upon the matters which are the basis of probation;
 - (ii) placement of restrictions upon the operation of the family day care home deemed necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of the children cared for in the family day care home; and
 - (iii) continue or renew professional education until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas which are the basis for the probation.
- (d) Emergency Distribution of Potassium Iodide. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, during a public health emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to section 2 of public act 03-236 and, if authorized by the Commissioner of Public Health via the emergency alert system or other communication system, a family day care home provider licensed in accordance with section 19a-87b of the Connecticut General Statutes, or a substitute or an assistant approved in accordance with section 19a-87b-8 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies and located at a family day care home, within a 10-mile radius of the Millstone Power Station in Waterford, Connecticut, shall be permitted to distribute and administer potassium iodide tablets to adults present or to a child in attendance at the family day care home during such emergency, provided that:
- (1) Prior written consent has been obtained by the family day care home provider for such provision. Written consent forms shall be provided by the family day care home provider to the parent(s) or guardian(s) each child currently enrolled or employees currently employed by the family day care home provider promptly upon the effective date of this subdivision. Thereafter, written consent forms shall be provided by the family day care home provider to the parent(s) or guardian(s) of each minor child upon enrollment and to each new employee upon hire. Such documentation shall be kept at the facility;
 - (2) Each person providing consent has been advised in writing by the family day care home provider that the ingestion of potassium iodide is voluntary;
 - (3) Each person providing consent has been advised in writing by the family day care home provider about the contraindications and the potential side effects of taking potassium iodide, which include:
 - (A) persons who are allergic to iodine should not take potassium iodide;
 - (B) persons with chronic hives, lupus, or other conditions with hypocomplementemic vasculitis should not take potassium iodide;
 - (C) persons with Graves disease or people taking certain heart medications should talk to their physician before there is an emergency to decide whether or not to take potassium iodide; and,

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- (D) side effects including minor upset stomach or rash.
 - (4) Only family day care home providers who have read the regulations pertaining to the administration of potassium iodide and approved substitutes and approved assistants who have been instructed by the family day care home provider in the administration of potassium iodide may distribute and administer potassium iodide to adults or minors for whom written consent has been obtained. Such instruction shall include, but not be limited to the following:
 - (A) the proper use and storage of potassium iodide;
 - (B) the recommended dosages of potassium iodide to be administered to children and adults as prescribed by the Food and Drug Administration.
 - (5) Potassium iodide tablets shall be stored in a locked storage area or container, inaccessible to children.
- (Effective November 3, 1997; Amended effective January 4, 2005.)

19a-87b-18. The monitoring of diabetes in family day care homes

- (a) Policy and Procedures
 - (1) All family day care homes at which the provider or substitute, as defined in section 19a-87b-2 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, will be administering finger stick blood glucose tests shall have written policies and procedures governing the administration of finger stick blood glucose tests to children diagnosed with diabetes mellitus. The policies and procedures shall address at least the following areas:
 - (A) parental responsibilities;
 - (B) staff training and responsibilities;
 - (C) proper storage, maintenance, and disposal of test materials and supplies;
 - (D) record keeping;
 - (E) reporting test results, incidents, and emergencies to the child's parent or guardian and the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse; and
 - (F) a location where the tests occur that is respectful of the child's privacy and safety needs.
 - (2) Said policies and procedures shall be available for review by the Department during facility inspections or upon demand.
- (b) Training
 - (1) Prior to the administration of finger stick blood glucose tests, the provider or substitute shall have completed the following training requirements:
 - (A) a course approved by the Department in first aid, as verified by a valid first aid certificate on file at the facility; and
 - (B) additional training given by a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, registered nurse, certified emergency medical technician, or the child's parent or guardian according to written guidelines provided by the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse. The additional training shall include but not be limited to:
 - (i) the proper use, storage and maintenance of the child's individual monitoring equipment;
 - (ii) reading and correctly interpreting test results; and
 - (iii) appropriate actions to take when test results fail to fall within specified ranges indicated in the written order from the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.
 - (2) The training shall be updated at least every three years, when a child with diabetes mellitus who requires finger stick blood glucose testing is present at the facility.

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- (3) Documentation that the provider or substitute has been trained to administer finger stick blood glucose tests shall be in writing and kept at the facility for review by the Department. Such documentation shall indicate:
 - (A) the subjects covered in training;
 - (B) the signature and title of the instructor;
 - (C) the signature and title of the trainee; and
 - (D) the date the training was given.
- (c) Administration of Finger Stick Blood Glucose Test
 - (1) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, only providers and substitutes trained in accordance with subsection (b) of this section may administer the finger stick blood glucose test in a family day care home.
 - (2) Whenever a child diagnosed with diabetes mellitus who has orders to receive finger stick blood glucose monitoring is enrolled and present at the facility, a provider or substitute designated and trained to administer finger stick blood glucose tests shall be present at the facility.
 - (3) Upon the written authorization of the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse, and the child's parent or guardian, a child may self administer the finger stick blood glucose test under the direct supervision of the designated provider or substitute who has met the training requirements in subsection (b) of this section.
 - (4) Only those providers and substitutes trained to administer injectable medications as described in section 19a-87b-17(b) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies and authorized to do so in writing by the child's parent or guardian and physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse may administer glucagon in a prefilled syringe in emergency situations only.
- (d) Equipment
 - (1) The child's parent or guardian shall supply the provider with the necessary equipment and supplies to meet the child's individual needs. Such equipment and supplies shall include at least the following items:
 - (A) the child's blood glucose meter and strips;
 - (B) an appropriate retracting lancing device used in accordance with infection control procedures;
 - (C) tissues or cotton balls; and .
 - (D) fast acting carbohydrates to be given to the child as indicated in the written order from the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse for hypoglycemia.
 - (2) Such equipment and supplies shall be labeled with the child's name and shall remain in a locked storage area when not in use.
 - (3) The provider shall obtain a signed agreement from the child's parent or guardian that the parent or guardian agrees to check and maintain the child's equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, restock supplies, and removes material to be discarded from the facility on a daily basis. All materials to be discarded shall be kept locked until it is given to the child's parent or guardian for disposal.
- (g) Record Keeping. The provider shall keep the following records at the facility as part of the child's medical record, and shall update them annually or when there is any change in the information:
 - (1) A current, written order signed and dated by the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse indicating:
 - (A) the child's name;
 - (B) the diagnosis of diabetes mellitus;
 - (C) the type of blood glucose monitoring test required;
 - (D) the test schedule;
 - (E) the target ranges for test results;

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- (F) specific actions to be taken and carbohydrates to be given when test results fall outside specified ranges;
 - (G) diet requirements and restrictions;
 - (H) any requirements for monitoring the child's recreational activities; and
 - (I) conditions requiring immediate notification of the child's parent, guardian, emergency contact, the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.
- (2) An authorization form signed by the child's parent or guardian which includes the following information:
- (A) the child's name;
 - (B) the parent's or guardian's name;
 - (C) the parent's or guardian's address;
 - (D) the parent's or guardian's telephone numbers at home and at work;
 - (E) two adult, emergency contact people including names, addresses and telephone numbers;
 - (F) the names of the provider and substitutes designated to administer finger stick blood glucose tests and provide care to the child during testing;
 - (G) additional comments relative to the care of the child, as needed;
 - (H) the signature of the parent or guardian;
 - (I) the date the authorization is signed; and
 - (J) the name, address and telephone number of the child's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.
- (3) The provider or substitute shall notify the child's parent or guardian daily in writing of the results of all blood glucose tests and any action taken based on the test results, and shall document the test results and any action taken in the child's medical record.

(Effective June 30, 1998.)