

**Connecticut Department of Public Health
Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Program
Risk factors for acute hepatitis B, 2007-2011**

Year	Number of Cases	Sex Contact	Multiple Sex Partners	Street Drugs*	IDU*	MSM*	Household Contact	Healthcare Related^	Other^^	None Determined	Unknown
2007	39	7	8	6	6	3	2	10	16	1	7
2008	31	3	5	4	5	5	1	18	21	1	6
2009	17	3	1	1	2	1	0	11	19	1	1
2010	24	6	6	6	0	2	0	11	19	2	2
2011	19	6	0	2	3	0	0	12	16	0	3
TOTAL	130	25	20	19	16	11	3	62	91	5	19

* IDU = injection drug use; MSM = men who have sex with men; Street drugs = non-injection drugs not prescribed by a physician

^ Healthcare related includes dental work, accidental needlestick, blood transfusion/organ transplant, IV infusions/injections, surgery, residence in a long term care facility, acupuncture, employment in a medical/dental field, and hospitalization

^^ Other includes tattoo, body piercing, incarceration >24 hours, ever incarceration >6 months, ever had a sexually transmitted disease, other contact with a hepatitis B positive person, other blood exposure, and other risk

Note: The presence of a risk factor does not necessarily indicate the cause of disease and risk factors are not mutually exclusive