Use of “Safety and Public Convenience” Special Provision

This Directive notifies Engineering design units that an Owned Special Provision for Section 1.07, modifying Article 1.07.07 (Safety and Public Convenience) has been developed and shall be used in construction contracts as further described.

The Owned Special Provision shall be included in contracts with an estimated cost of more than $50 million (contract items) or any of the following:

- Reconstruction of a bridge 30 feet or more above the lower level,
- Work requiring an Environmental Health and Safety Plan (HASP),
- Conditions creating unique hazards for contractor employees or the public (contact the Office of Construction with questions).

The current version of the Special Provision is attached but is subject to revision. The Special Provision will be listed and accessible via the Department’s Owned Special Provision web page. When using the Special Provision, reference/use the current version from the web page, rather than the attachment.

The owner of this Special Provision is Anthony Kwentoh (anthony.kwentoh@ct.gov) in the Office of Construction. Alterations of Owned Special Provision require consent of the owner.

The Owned Special Provision should be included in applicable contracts (meeting the criteria noted above) with advertising dates after July 31, 2015.

Attachment: Special Provision, Article 1.07.07, Safety and Public Convenience, dated 6/4/15
SECTION 1.07 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Delete Article 1.07.07 in its entirety and replace it with the following:

1.07.07—Safety and Public Convenience: The Contractor shall conduct the Project work at all times in such a manner as to ensure the least possible obstruction to traffic. In a manner acceptable to the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide for the convenience and interests of the general public; the traveling public; parties residing along or adjacent to the highway or Project Site; and parties owning, occupying or using property adjacent to the Project Site, such as commuters, workers, tenants, lessors and operating agencies.

Notwithstanding any other Contract provision, the Contractor shall not close to normal pedestrian or vehicular traffic any section of road, access drive, parking lot, sidewalk, station platform, railroad track, bus stop, runway, taxiway, occupied space within a Site, or occupied space within a building, except with the written permission of the Engineer.

All equipment, materials, equipment or material storage areas, and work areas must be placed, located, and used in ways that do not create a hazard to people or property, especially in areas open to public pedestrian or vehicular traffic. All equipment and materials shall be placed or stored in such a way and in such locations as will not create a hazard to the traveling public or reduce sight lines. In an area unprotected by barriers or other means, equipment and materials must not be stored within 30 feet of any traveled way.

The Contractor must always erect barriers and warning signs between any of its work or storage areas and any area open to public, pedestrian, or vehicular traffic. Such barriers and signs must comply with all laws and regulations, including any applicable codes.

The Contractor must arrange for temporary lighting, snow and ice removal, security against vandalism and theft, and protection against excessive precipitation runoff within its Project work and storage areas, and within other areas specifically designated in the Contract.

In addition to meeting the requirements of Section 9.71, the Contractor shall take all precautions necessary and reasonable for the protection of all persons, including, but not limited to, employees of the Contractor or the Department, and for the protection of property, until the Engineer notifies the Contractor in writing that the Project or the pertinent portion of the Project has been completed to the Engineer’s satisfaction.

The Contractor shall comply with the safety provisions of applicable laws, including building and construction codes and the latest edition of the CFR. The Contractor must make available for reference in its field office, throughout the duration of the Project, a copy of the latest edition and all supplements of the CFR pertaining to OSHA.
The Contractor shall make available to the Contractor’s employees, subcontractors, the Engineer, and the public, all information pursuant to OSHA 29 CFR Part 1926.59 and The Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200, and shall also maintain a file on each job site containing all MSDS for products in use at the Project. These MSDS shall be made available to the Engineer upon request.

The Contractor shall observe all rules and regulations of the Federal, State, and local health officials. Attention is directed to Federal, State, and local laws, rules, and regulations concerning construction safety and health standards. The Contractor shall not require any worker to work in surroundings or under conditions that are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to the worker’s health or safety.

Safety Plan: Before starting work on the Project, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a written Safety and Health Plan (hereinafter referred to as the “Plan”). The Plan shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements of this Subsection and any applicable State or Federal regulations.

The Plan shall apply to any work under the Contract whether such work is performed, by way of example and not limitation, by the Contractor’s forces, subcontractors, suppliers, or fabricators.

The Plan shall be prepared by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer for review before the actual start of work on the Project. Within ten (10) calendar days of receipt, the Engineer will determine whether or not the Plan meets the requirements of this Specification. If the Plan does not meet the requirements of this Specification, it will be returned for revision. Work on the Project may not proceed until the Engineer has accepted the Plan. Nothing herein shall be construed, however, to relieve the Contractor from responsibility for the prosecution of the Project.

The Plan shall conform to the following general format:

1. General Introduction.
   a. Description. The general introduction of the Plan shall include a statement by the Contractor describing its commitment to maintain a safe work environment for its employees, Department representatives, and the public. Implementation procedures and company policies relative to safety shall be summarized or referenced in the Plan.
      i. The Plan shall include the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the Contractor’s Project Manager, Project superintendent and/or its designee for safety oversight, all competent persons, and the traffic control coordinator. Any changes to the safety management and oversight for the Project shall be promptly communicated to all concerned.
      ii. The Plan shall provide guidelines for protecting all personnel from hazards associated with Project operations and activities.
iii. The Plan shall establish the policies and procedures that are necessary for the Project to be in compliance with the requirements of OSHA and other State and Federal regulatory agencies with jurisdiction, rules, regulations, standards, or guidelines in effect at the time the work is in progress.

b. Responsibility, Identification of Personnel, and Certifications. The Contractor is solely responsible for creating, implementing, and monitoring the Plan.
   i. The Contractor shall identify and designate on-site supervisory level personnel who shall be responsible for implementing and monitoring the Plan at all times throughout the duration of the Project and shall have authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate hazards including the ability to stop work activities.
   ii. Documentation of training provided to the on-site supervisory level personnel shall be included as part of the Plan.
   iii. For any work activities wherein the Contractor has identified a competent person as defined by OSHA, that person shall be capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards and have the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate the hazards, including the ability to stop work activities.
   iv. Documentation of the qualifications of such competent persons identified, including any certifications received, shall be included as part of the Plan.
   v. The Contractor shall further identify the qualified safety professional responsible for developing the Plan and shall provide that person’s qualifications for developing the Plan which shall include, but not be limited to, education, training, certifications, and experience in developing this type of Plan.
   vi. The Plan shall contain a certification executed by the qualified safety professional that developed the Plan, stating that the Plan complies with OSHA and other applicable State and Federal regulatory agencies with jurisdiction, rules, regulations, standards, or guidelines in effect at the time the work is in progress.

2. Elements of the Plan. The Plan shall address, but not be limited to, the following elements:
      i. The Plan shall describe in detail the means by which the Contractor shall implement and monitor the Plan. Implementation and monitoring shall also mean that the Plan shall be a document with provision for change to update the Plan with new information on a yearly basis at a minimum and shall include new practices or procedures, changing site and environmental conditions, or other situations that could adversely affect site personnel. The Plan shall provide guidelines for protecting all personnel from hazards associated with Project operations and activities.
   b. Emergency Telephone Numbers.
   c. Personnel Responsibilities.
      i. Management responsibilities
      ii. Responsibilities of Supervisor(s)
      iii. Site safety officer(s) responsibilities
iv. Employee responsibilities  
v. Competent person(s) as defined by OSHA responsibilities

d. Training.  
i. Regulatory  
ii. Documentation  
iii. Site hazard assessment - Daily employee awareness of site operations

e. Safety Rules.  
i. General safety rules  
ii. Personal protective equipment  
iii. Housekeeping

f. Safety Checklists.  
i. Project safety-planning checklist  
ii. Emergency plans and procedures checklist  
iii. Documentation checklist  
iv. Protective materials and equipment checklist

g. Traffic Control Coordinator Inspections.  
i. Responsible person  
ii. Frequency  
iii. Documentation of actions taken

h. Record Keeping.  
i. OSHA 200 log

i. Reporting.  
i. Accident(s)  
ii. On site  
iii. Legal notice requirement  
v. Public liability  
v. Property damage  
vi. Department of Labor  
vii. Hazard Communications

j. Additional Procedures for Project Specific Situations as Applicable.  
i. Compressed gas cylinders  
ii. Confined spaces  
iii. Cranes  
iv. Crystalline silica (stone, masonry, concrete, and brick dust)  
v. Electrical  
vi. Equipment operators  
vii. Fall protection  
viii. Hand and power tools  
ix. Hearing conservation  
x. Highway safety  
xi. Lead health and safety plan  
=xii. Lock out/tag out  
xiii. Materials handling, storage, use, and disposal  
xiv. Areas of environmental concern
xv. Night work
xvi. Personal protective equipment
xvii. Project entry and exit
xviii. Respiratory protection
xix. Sanitation
xx. Signs, signals, and barricades
xxi. Subcontractors
xxii. Trenching

3. Appendix for Environmental Health and Safety Plan (HASP). If environmental hazards are identified in the Contract, an Environmental HASP shall be included in an appendix to the Plan, or in a separate document. References to any Environmental HASP shall be included within the Plan, where appropriate.

The Plan shall be kept on the site and shall apply and be available to all workers and all other authorized persons entering the work site. Copies of all updates to the Plan shall be promptly supplied to the Engineer.

If at any time during the Project the Engineer determines that the Contractor is not complying with the requirements of this provision or the updated Plan, the Contractor shall correct such deficiencies immediately. Failure to remediate such deficiencies may result in suspension of the Contractor’s operations until the deficiencies have been corrected. Suspensions ordered due to safety deficiencies will not be considered compensable or excusable delays.

The Contractor is responsible for implementation of the Plan. Pursuant to Article 1.07.10, the Contractor shall indemnify, and save harmless the State from any and all liability related to the Plan in proportion to the extent that the Contractor is held liable for same by an arbiter of competent jurisdiction.

The Contractor shall allow onto the Project site any inspector of OSHA or other legally responsible agency involved in safety and health administration upon presentation of proper credentials, without delay and without the presentation of an inspection warrant.