

First, A Chuckle



When to Replace a Helmet?

Replace any helmet when your child crashes in it. Impact crushes some of the foam. The helmet is less protective although the damage may not be readily visible. Helmets soften impact, so the child may not even be aware that their head hit until you examine the helmet for damage. Replace the buckle if it cracks or if any piece of it breaks off. Nobody prompts you to replace your child's helmet, so give it some thought.

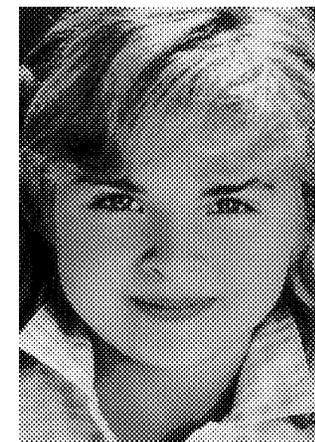
Bike Helmets for Other Sports?

The ASTM standards for biking and inline skating are identical, so a bike helmet can easily double as a skating helmet for normal inline skating. There is no standard for tricycles or scooter helmets, but bicycle or inline skating helmets should be fine for either one. Aggressive skating and skateboard helmets have their own ASTM standard, and are designed for multiple hits. Most bike helmets are not suitable for that, although there are a few that are, and some are certified to Snell's N-94 multi-purpose standard. You will find a list of them on Snell's Web site at www.smf.org. Helmets for equestrian use are also different from bicycle helmets.

Warning: No Helmets on Playgrounds!

In February, 1999, the first death in the US involving a bike helmet catching on playground equipment occurred. **Be sure to teach your child to remove their helmet before using playground equipment or climbing trees!**

Must I Buy a Bicycle Helmet for my child?



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All volunteers. all funded by consumers like you!

Bicycle Helmet Safety Institute

A consumer-funded program of the
Washington Area Bicyclist Association

www.helmets.org

What you need to know

Does my child really need one?

The simple answer is yes. Laws now require helmets in many areas. That is because medical research shows that 85% of cyclists' head injuries can be prevented by a bicycle helmet. More than 800 bicycle riders are killed in the U.S. every year, almost all in collisions with cars, and 75% of them die of head injuries. Many thousands more suffer less severe but still debilitating injuries which are far worse than the physical pain of scraped skin or even broken bones. Your child can suffer permanent personality changes and learning disabilities from a brain injury, and both of you will be aware of what they have lost. Common long-term effects include concentration difficulties, aggressiveness, headaches and balance problems. Imagine your anguish if this happens to your child.

What will it cost?

Helmets sell in bike shops or by mail order from \$20 up, or in discount stores for \$10 or even less. A good shop helps with fitting, and fit is important for safety. A discount helmet can be equally protective if you take the time to fit it carefully on your child. Helmets are cheap for their benefit, so don't wait for a sale.

Will I have to buy one every year?

No. Heads grow less than legs and feet. Many child helmets come with two or even three sets of foam fitting pads. You can start with thick pads and use the thinner pads as your child's head grows. The fitting pads do not affect the impact protection of the helmet, which is provided by the firmer crushable polystyrene foam (picnic cooler foam).

Will my child actually use it?

Yes, if other children wear one, their parents use one, the teacher at school has told them how much good helmets do, and the child has picked out the one they really want. No, if the helmet makes your child feel like a geek, nobody else uses one and it does not fit well. Perhaps yes if you have the will to enforce the rule. Most situations fall somewhere in be-



tween, and you know your child best. Seventh grade seems to be the most resisting age for helmets, when the feeling of invincibility is strong and the rage for teen fashion is undeniable. The key motivator of helmet use for kids is fashion, not safety. Try to make use of that.

Does My Toddler Need a Helmet?

A child of any age needs head protection when riding, but a toddler's neck muscles may not support the weight of a helmet. For this and other reasons, nobody in the injury prevention community recommends riding with a child under one year old. If in doubt, take child and helmet to a pediatrician for advice. Child helmets need ventilation in hot weather, since the foam holds heat in. Toddler heads vary in shape, so pay careful attention to fit. The helmet should sit level on the child's head, and fit securely with the strap fastened.

What about standards?

Helmets made for sale in the U.S. after March 10, 1999 must meet the Consumer Product Safety Commission standard. Look for a CPSC

sticker inside. ASTM is comparable. Snell B-95 or N-94 are better, but seldom used. Fit is not tested by the standards, so try the helmet on your child's head.

Which one should I buy?

There are many good helmets on the market. *Consumer Reports* tested four child helmets in June of 1999 and picked the Bell Half Pint Pro. But in fact you can choose based on how well a helmet fits your child and which one your child likes. And the price, of course!

How to Buy

When you pick up a helmet, check for a CPSC standard sticker and a smooth shell in a bright color. Put it on your child, take some time to adjust the straps and pads, and then make sure it will not come off.



Who's that on the cover?

A tragedy. Joy Ira was happily riding her bicycle with friends. In a moment of inattention she veered into the path of a pickup truck. She died of massive head injuries. She wasn't wearing a helmet. Her grieving parents hope that this photo will bring home how much every parent has to lose.