



FINAL EXAM
MASTER

DDS

1. According to the R.A.C.E. plan, which of the following is utilized, only as a last resort?
A: Evacuate the building.
B: Close Doors as you leave.
C: Attempt to extinguish the fire.
D: Pull the Fire Alarm.
2. By resetting your fire alarm, you:
A: ensure orderly evacuations.
B: allow the Fire department to communicate effectively.
C: protect the occupants hearing.
D: eliminate the ability for the responders to find cause of the alarm.
3. A class "C" fire involves:
A: Energized electrical equipment.
B: Flammable Liquids.
C: Flammable Metals.
D: Ordinary Combustibles.
4. The five most common causes of unintentional fire in the home are:
A: cooking, electrical, garage fires, smoking and exposure to flame.
B: cooking, heating, smoking, electrical and open flames.
C: exposure to flame, car fires, cooking, wood stoves and electrical.
D: cooking, heating, car fires, smoking and garage fires.
5. A Carbon Monoxide alarm should be treated as:
A: a radiological incident.
B: a missing person event.
C: routine. No special actions should be taken.
D: a fire alarm.
6. _____ are the **most common** fire protection feature in a home.
A: Sprinkler systems
B: Emergency lights
C: Smoke detectors
D: Stove hood systems
7. _____ is the best local resource to help you understand the make up and operation of the local Fire Department.
A: The internet
B: Local government officials
C: DDS Contacts
D: Officers and members of the FD



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8. The best level of an evacuation score is:
- A: Satisfactory C: Excellent
B: Prompt D: Good
9. The **most important** information you can give to the first arriving fire officer is:
- A: status and location of any trapped occupants.
B: the location of the fire.
C: the cause of the fire.
D: the location of the sleeping areas.
10. The acronym PASS stands for:
- A: Pull the Fire Alarm, Alert the Occupants, Safely Evacuate, and Stay Outside.
B: Pull the pin, Arm the extinguisher, Start the extinguisher, Safe operation.
C: Pull the pin, Alert nearby staff, Stand 10 feet away, Sweep side-to-side.
D: Pull the pin, Aim at the base of flames, Squeeze handles, Sweep side-to-side.
11. We cannot plan for every emergency, but what is the most important fact to remember during any emergency?
- A: Preventing damage to the building is our primary concern.
B: Our training can prepare us for all possibilities.
C: 9-1-1 can be used to summon help in any emergency.
D: Look up your specific situation in your site plan prior to taking action.
12. Which of the following is **not** one of the prevention rules regarding candles:
- A: leave them unattended
B: they are illegal in some facilities
C: use tip proof holders
D: trim wick regularly
13. Fire drills should be routinely conducted in every facility for all of the following reasons **except**:
- A: People learn best by practicing the plan.
B: To evaluate the effectiveness of the staff during an alarm.
C: They are required.
D: The staff and residents will get used to hearing the alarm.



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14. True or False: In the event of a real fire alarm, the results of the evacuation do not have to be documented.
15. Whenever _____ or _____ it is recommended that you stay in the kitchen.
- A: broiling, baking
 - B: grilling, broiling
 - C: broiling, microwaving
 - D: frying, microwaving
16. Which of the following is a critical part of every evacuation plan?
- A: Locating the fire.
 - B: A meeting place.
 - C: One way out of each room.
 - D: A written evacuation plan document.
17. Residents should be evacuated:
- A: only during a real emergency.
 - B: using the method best prescribed for that individual.
 - C: using the most familiar exit route.
 - D: using a blanket drag method.
18. The Fire marshal can offer valuable tips on _____ .
- A: building codes
 - B: fire safety
 - C: furnace maintenance
 - D: electrical installations
19. The **best** option if a person catches on fire is:
- A: Cover them with a blanket.
 - B: Use a fire extinguisher.
 - C: Stop Drop and Roll.
 - D: Call 9-1-1.
20. True or False: Sprinkler systems are a common cause of water damage.